CRE - CREATIVE RELAXATION EXERCISE

CRE 308 – XHOSA FROM ENGLISH

DRAFT FOR PUBLICATION MAY 9, 2007

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KEY CONCEPT: "WHEN you create new POSITIVE wave patterns in YOUR mind, they give you the CONFIDENCE to RELAX and ABSORB the new language, naturally without EFFORT"

Source: Paula and Nomakhosi Ntuma and Lungelwa Ciliba (GSB/UCT). Audio: 30 minute s - freely available from: www.crelearning.com

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DEDICATION

This program is dedicated to the memory of Professor Kenneth Hale, the eminent linguist of MIT who died on October 8th 2001. He spoke about 50 languages fluently and regarded each language as an intellectual treasure-house of communication, culture and humanitarian values.

He suggested ... that 30 minutes of a new language ... should be enough to start to make one-self understood ... and then ... the best way ... to progress ... was to speak ... confidently ... more and more ... with natural speakers of the language ... so now absorb some basics ...

Thank you. Enkosi
Hallo Molo
Please Nceda
Excuse me Uxolo
Good morning Molo

My name is ... I-gama (name) lam ndi-ngu (is)... What is your name? Ngubani (what) i-gama lakho (your)?

How are you? Unjani wena? I am well, thanks Ndi-philile. Enkosi

So now ... start to chat ... with everyone ... on we go ... together ...

SIMPLE THROAT EXERCISE - 16 KEY WORDS

(Repeat EACH Xhosa many times slowly ... and then at VERY high speed)

Thank you En-ko-si EN-KO-SSEE

Hello Molo MOW-LOW

Mr. Um-num-zana OOM-NUUM-ZAANA

Mrs. N-kosi-kazi NNN'KOSY-KAAZI

Yes Ewe A-WAY

No Hayi HAA-YEE

Good Lun-gile LLUUN-GEELAY

Please N-ceda NNN-SSEDDAA

Do you have? U-na-yo? UUU-NAAA-YOH?

Goodbye U-sale-kak-uhle UU-SARLE-

KAAKH-UULLAY

See you soon! Sak-ube siph-inde! SAAK-UUBI-SEEP-EENDI!

Who? Ngu-bani? NNGG-GOO-BAA-NEE

What? In-toni? EEN-TTOE-NEE

I want Ndi-funa NNDDEE-FOO-NAA

Where? Phi? PEE

OK! Ku-lun-gil-e! KOO-LUN-GEE-LAY

Note: For simplicity ... the program is mostly typed without accents!

NATURAL SUGGESTIONS

Feel FREE to use CRE in any way ... that only YOU know ... will suit YOU best ... and allow you ... to relax completely ... and ABSORB ... both consciously and sub-consciously ... the very carefully selected ... 30 minutes ... of new natural language ... which WILL become part of you ... intuitively ... without effort ... in the future ...!

So RELAX with ... a very POSITIVE attitude ... and a very confident EXPECTATION of SUCCESS ... in just one week ... of PLAYING with the natural language ...

Our natural suggestions for the week are:

- Day 1 SPEAK AND HAVE FUN with the TAPE 30 minutes ... (www,crelearning.com) in the DARK ... relaxed in any way that you know best ... just BEFORE sleeping for the night ...
- Day 2 STUDY the text (Sections 2-16). Then SPEAK LOUDLY with the tape. Do SPEED READING (2-16) in 14 minutes (recorded if possible).
- Day 3 SPEAK in THEATRICAL style with the tape and text together. Do SPEED READING (2-16) in 12 minutes.
- Day 4 SPEAK with tape and text. For difficult words/phrases ... stop the tape ... and repeat the word/phrase many times ... singing or shouting!
- Day 5 STUDY the Mini-phrase Book. Then do it as SPEED READING in 4 minutes. SPEAK with tape and text using three different voices ... just for fun!.
- Day 6 SPEED READING (2-16) ... in 8 minutes. Then SPEAK with the tape ... with a beautiful CONFIDENT accent.
- Day 7 SPEAK with the tape with fun and confidence. Email your feedback to robertboland@wanadoo.fr. Plan reinforcement (Appendix A)

NATURAL SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Generally:

- REINFORCE the learning in the CAR at any time ... make it an amusing THEATRE of one ... YOU!!! ... by playing and acting out ... ONLY Sections 2 - 16. DO NOT play the relaxation sections in the car ... skip them please!
- 2. RECOGNIZE that a TERRIBLE accent is PAINFUL ... for the hearer ... and so strive always for a beautiful accent in EVERY WORD.
- 3. Be POSITIVE and NEVER apologise for your language ... you are making the effort to learn the LANGUAGE ... and the HUMAN VALUES ... an thus the CULTURE ... of the people you speak with ... and THEY will appreciate MORE than you can EVEN imagine!! If they reply to you in ENGLISH ... then YOU just CONTINUE to speak in the NATURAL new language ... and they will too happily ...
- 4. LISTEN very carefully to what PEOPLE say to YOU ... and BEFORE replying ... REPEAT in YOUR MIND ... EXACTLY what they said this gives you excellent PRACTICE in recognising good STRUCTURE.
- 5. HESITATE before you SPEAK ... and then speak FREELY and CONFIDENTLY ... without long pauses and ... WITHOUT ... "Urrs and Umms" which are so ANNOYING and BORING ... for the listener ...
- 6. When you do not know a necessary word ... do NOT hesitate ... simply USE the ENGLISH word ... in the sentence ... the hearer will almost certainly give you the translation ... and you can repeat it ... three times to get it right ... without embarrassment. Use the LEARNING REINFORCMENT as needed but not in the car!
- 7. Use SIMPLE SHORT sentences and be CONFIDENT as you begin to talk to people ... expect SUCCESS ... and you will NOT be disappointed ... and try just one MORE new thing ... just for fun in this one week ... drink one litre of WATER EVERY DAY ... it rinses mind and body and has a REMARKABLE preventive/curative therapeutic effect ... to support new learning ... as on we go together.

1. GENTLE RELAXATION ...

And now ... I'd like you to arrange yourself ... in a position that is so comfortable ... and natural ... for you ... so that you can sit ... or lie ... for a while ... easily and effortlessly ... and where you can be comfortable ... and yet still remain alert enough ... to focus on the meaningful ... natural language learning ... that we will do together ... natural language ... gentle ... quiet ... peaceful ... and instinctive ... without any effort ... as you absorb its deepest meaning ... interpretation ... and value ... in terms of your very personal expectations.

And then when your are ready ... to focus yourself ... you can begin by taking a few deep relaxing breaths ... breathing slowly ... and feeling the rise of your chest ... as you gradually inhale ... feeling that each breath in ... and out ... relaxes you ... calms you ... and re-acquaints you ... with deeper parts of yourself ... that you are sometimes too busy to notice ...

You know ... and I know ... its very easy ... to get caught up in day to day living ... there is so much to do ... and now is your time ... and I would like you to allow your eyes to close ... as you start to build ... an internal focus ... within yourself ... on those parts of yourself... that will absorb the natural language ... gently ... peacefully ... and instinctively ... almost automatically ... as you ... let yourself go ... relax ... without conscious effort ... because you have nothing ... to do ... now ... except relax ..

And as we go on together ... repeating the phrases ... in the natural language ... with your whole body involved ... moving hands and face ... feelings and body ... to express ... and absorb the words and phrases ... as they will come ... instinctively ... to your mind ... as you speak softly ... with a beautiful accent ... which will please and surprise you... as its fits the music ... of the natural language

So on we go together ... speaking all the time ... and moving hands, face feelings and body ... to express ourselves ... in the new natural language (no English please) ... as you create new wave patterns ... in that special... "Xhosa Place" ... in your mind ...

2. HERE AND THERE:

Ndi- lapha (here). U-lapho)there). U-lapho na (question)? Ewe (yes) u-lapho. U-lapha na (question)?

Hayi, a (not) -wuk-ho apha. I (it is) -lapha. I-phi? I-lapha (here) . I- lapho na (question) ?

A (not)-ndi-yazi (know). Uphi Miguel? A (not) -kakho apha.. Uphi? A-ndi-yazi (know).

Shu! Nan (there)-ku-ya! U-ngu mmangaliso (wonderful)! I am here. You are there. Are you there? Yes, you are there. Are you here?

No, you are not here. It is here. Where is it? It is here. Is it there?

I do not know. Where is Miguel? He is not here. Where is (he)? I do not know.

Darn! There he is! He is wonderful!

3. LIKING:

Ndi-thanda (like) wena. U-ya-ndi-thanda (like) mna (me)? Ewe, ndi (I) -thanda wena (you) U (you) -thanda imali na? Ewe (yes), ndi-thanda imali (money).

Ndi-thanda (like) amanzi (water). Wena (you) u-thanda amanzi. Ndi-thanda ezinye (some) iincwadi. Yena u-thanda imoto (car). Yena a (not) -ka-thandi imoto.

I like you. Do vou like me? Yes, I like you. Do you like money? Yes, I like the money.

I like water. You like water. I like some books. He likes the car. She does not like the car.

Wena u-thanda (like) isidlo sango-kuhlwa? Hayi a (not) -ndi-si-thandi isidlo sango-kuhlwa. No, I do not like the dinner. Oh. Shu. Tshani! Nceda, suku-thi (say) Tshani

Do you like the dinner? Oh. Darn! Tshani! Please do not say Tshani!

4. DOING:

Mna (I) ndi-y-enza (do). Ndi-yenza (do) -lento. Wena ((you) u-yenza. Wena u-yenza lonto (that). Thina (we) s-enza lonto.

Kwaye (and) si (we) -ya-vuya (happy). Yo-na i-lula (easy)? Ewe, a (not) -yikho nzima (difficult). Wena wenza (do) lonto (that)? Yenza (do) lonto, nceda (please)!!!

Shu!!! Yona (it) ngu-mmangaliso I do.
I do this.
You do.
You do that
We do that

And we are happy.
Is it easy?
Yes, it is not difficult.
Do you do that?
Do that, please!!!

Darn!!!
It is wonderful!

5. CAN/ABLE TO DO:

Mna, ndi-nga (can) Ndi-nga? Ewe, ndi-nga. Wena u-nga (can) -yenza (do) lento (this)? Ewe, ndi (l) -nga-yenza lonto (that).

Ndi-nga tya (eat) ka-ncinci (little). Ndi-nga sela (drink) ka-ncinci. Ndi-nga hamba (go). Ndi-ngeza (come).

Ndi-nga (can) lala.

Wena u-nga (can) thetha (speak).
U-nga thetha?
Ewe, ndi-nga (can).
U-nga-yenza (do) lento?
Hayi, a (not) -ndi-nge-(can) yenzi lonto.

U-ya qonda (understand) ?
U-nga qonda?
Ewe, ka-ncinc (little).
U-nga thi (say) Tshani?
Ewe, ndi-nga-(can)-si-thetha (speak) kancinci isi-Xhosa!
Shu! Ndi (l) -ngu-mmangaliso!

I can
Can I?
Yes, I can.
Can you do this?
Yes, I can do that.

I can eat a little.
I can drink a little.
I can go.
I can come.
I can sleep.

You can speak. Can you speak? Yes, I can. Can you do this? No, I can not do that.

You can understand?
Can you understand?
Yes, a little.
Can you say Tshani?
Yes, I can speak a little Xhosa!
Darn! I am wonderful!

6. UNDERSTANDING:

Mna ndi-ya-qonda.
A (not) -ndi-qondi.
Wena uya-qonda.
A-wu-qondi (understand).
U-yaba-qonda abafazi (women)?
Hayi. Hayi. A (not) -ndi-ba-qondi bona (them)!!!
Oh. Shu! Tshani!
Suku-thi Tshani! Nceda (please).
Wena ungu-mmangaliso!

I understand.
I do not understand.
You understand.
You do not understand.
Do you understand women?
No. No. I do not understand them!!!
Oh. Darn! Tshani!
Please do not say Tshani!
You are wonderful!

7. WANTING:

Mna ndi-funa. (want).
Ndi-funa uku-tya (eat) kancinci (a little).
Ndi-funa uku-sela (drink) amanzi.
Ndi-funa uku-ya (go) kwindlu (to) yangasese!!
Wena u-funa uku-tya (eat) ka-ncinci na?

Hayi, a-ndi-funi uku-tya (eat). Shu! Ndi-funa (want) u-ku-nika (give) intwana (some) Hayi (no), enkosi. Ndi-funa uku-za (come). U-funa (want) uku-lala (sleep) nam (with me)?

Hayi, a-ndi-funi ku-lala (sleep). Miguel, u-funa uku-tya amasele (frogs) na? Shu! Hayi ngoku (now), enkosi! Si-ngu mmangaliso! I want.
I want to eat a little.
I want to drink the water.
I want to go to the toilet!!!
Do you want to eat a little?

No, I do not want to eat.
Darn! I want to give you a bit.
No, thank you.
I want to come.
Do you want to sleep with me?

No, I do not want to sleep. Miguel do you want to eat the frogs? Darn! Not just now, thank you! We are wonderful!

8. GETTING:

Ndi-(me) nike (give) -imali (money), nceda. Thatha imali, nceda. Ndi-thatha (take) imali. Ndi (to me) -nike (give) -i-tikiti, nceda. Thatha (take) i-tikiti, nceda.

Ndi-thatha i-tikiti.. Ndi-nike-into (thing), nceda Iphi (where) into? A-.ndi-yazi. Ndi-niki (give me)-indoda, nceda!

Shu!!! Intoni umfazi!! Yena (she), u-ngu mmangaliso! Please give me the money. Please take the money. I take the money. Please give me the ticket. Please take the ticket.

I take the ticket. Please give me the thing. Where is the thing? I do not know. Please give me a man!

Darn-t!!! What a woman!! She is wonderful!

9. HAVING:

Ndi-ne-(have) -nto (thing) enye (one). A.-ndi-na-nto enve (one).

U-ne-nto enye.

Si (we) -ne-nto enve.

Yena, u-ne-nto enye.

I have one thing.

I do not have one thing. You have one thing.

We have one thing.

She has one thing.

Mna, ndi-ne xesha (time) eli-ncinci, Nkosazana! I have a little time, Miss!

Kodwa, u-na-yo (have) imali encinci, Mnumzana?

Hayi.

Oh. Tshani!

Suku-thi (say) Tshani, nceda.

But, do you have a little money, Sir?

No.

Oh. Tshani!

Please do not say Tshani!

10. ORDERING (POLITELY):

Ndi-phe (to me give) lento, nceda. Ndi-phe i-mali (money), nceda. Ndi-phe amanzi (water), nceda.

Enkosi

Suku-sela (don't drink) amanzi eFrance, nceda!!

Sela (drink) i-wavine. Yi-za (come) apha, nceda. Yi-ya (go) phaya, nceda. Sela (drink) lento (this) nceda. Suku-tya (not eat) lonto, nceda!

Ndi (to me) -nike (give) lento, nceda. Suku-thatha lonto, nceda. Yi-thi (say) lento nceda. Suku-thi Tshani, nceda. Shu! Enkosi. Wena u-ngu mmangaliso! Please give me the thing. Please give me the money. Please give me the water. Thank you.

Please don't drink the water in France!!

Drink the wine. Please come here. Please go there. Please drink this. Do not eat that!

Please give me this. Please do not take that. Please say this.

Please do not say Tshani! Darn! Thank you. You are wonderful!

11. GREETING: POLITE AND SLANG

Molo Michelle. Mdo Paula. Molo Miche. Iwu Sancos.

Unjani wena, Eliza?

Ndi-khona (well) enkosi, Khulu. Unjani na, Xavier? Ndi-khona enkosi, Miguel. U-hambe (go) kakuhle, Giles. U-sale (leave) kakuhle, Judith.

Ewe ku-lungile, Hollie I- ngu-mmangaliso, Heidi! Ku-lungile, Sam.? Ewe ku-lungile, Lucie. A-ku-kubanga (not bad) kangako ,, Henri.

Uya-phila si-thandwa?

Hayi!!!

Shu! Yena u-ngu mmangaliso!

Hello Michelle. Hello Paula. Good morning Miche. Good morning Sancos. How are you, Eliza?

I am well, thank you, Khulu. How goes it, Xavier? OK, thank you Miguel. Goodbye Giles. Bye bye Judith.

Yes OK, Hollie. It is wonderful, Heidi! OK Sam? Yes OK, Lucie. Not too bad, Henri

Are you well, my darling? No!!! Darn! She is wonderful!

12. DESCRIBING:

I (it is) -lungile, A-yi-lunganga. I-mbi Yi-ncwadi.

I-nkulu?

Havi. I-ncinane. I-lula?

Hayi, I-lukhuni.

Amanzi (water) a-lungile na?

Oh Tshani!!!

Suku-thi Tshani, nceda.

Thina (we) siya-mangalisa na?!!!

Shu! Ewe!!

It is good.

It is not good. It is bad.

It is a book. Is it big?

No. it is small. Is it easy?

No, it is hard. Is the water good?

Hayi, amanzi (water) awa-lunganga eFrance-!! No, the water is not good in France!!

Oh Tshani!!!

Please do not say Tshani!

Are we wonderful?!!!

Darn! Yes!!

13. KNOWING (THINGS & PEOPLE):

Ndi-ya-yazi (know) lento. U-ya-yazi lento (that)? Ewe ndi-ya-yazi lento. Wena, u-ya-yazi lanto.

U-ya-yazi lanto na (question)?

Hayi a (not) -ndi-yazi lanto. Ndi-ya-mazi la-mfazi Ndi-ya-yazi indoda.

Yena, u-yandazi (know) mna (me). U-yamazi (know) la mfazi na?

Hayi. Molo Nkosikazi? U-philile na, Nkosikazi?

Hayi. A-ndi-philanga(well)! Hamba ka-kuhle! No, I am not well!! Goodbye!!!

Wena a-ku-mazi (know) lo/yena! Shu! Yena u-ngu mmangaliso! I know this. Do you know this? Yes, I know this.

You know that.

Do you know that?

No, I do not know that. I know that woman. I know the man. He knows me.

Do you know that woman?

No. Good morning Madame? Are you well, Madame? Io, I am not well!! Goodbye!!! You do not know her!

Darn! She is wonderful!

14. NUMBERING:

Ndi-ne- (have) -gxaki (problem) enye (one) Wena, u-ne-(have) -ngxaki. Hayi, u-na-zo zimbini. Yena, u-na-zo zintathu. Yena, u-na-zo-here zine.

Si-na-zo zi-ntlanu (5). U-na-zo zontlanu na? Ewe, ngoku (now) ndi-ne ngxaki ezi-ntlanu!! Bonke (all) aba-ntwana!! Aba-ntwana baya-mmangalisa! I have one problem. Yes, you have a problem. No, you have two (of them). He has three. She has four.

We have five.
Do you have five?
Yes now, I have five problems!!!
All the children!
Children are wondeful!

15. ASKING:

Yimalini incwadi (book)? Zi-dalar ezintlanu (5). Yimalini le-nto (thing)? Yimalini?? Zi-dalar ezine (4).

I - phi (where) ?
I - lapho.
Hayi, a-yi-kho apho.
I-phi (where) indlu yangasese (toilet), nceda?
Indlu yangasese i-pha-ya.

Yintoni leyo (that)?
Uxolo. Intoni?
Leya/leyo.
O, y-incwadi (book) -elungi-leyo (good).
U-funa ntoni (what)?

Ndi-funa (want) iwayini, nceda Ngubani (who) o-lapha? Thina (we) si-ng-apha.. Ngubani la (that) mfazi? A-ndi-mazi (know).

Shu! Yena, u-ngu (is) Madonna!. Ntoni umfazi! Yena, u-ngu mmangaliso. How much is the book? Five dollars. How much is this thing? How much? Four dollars

Where is it?

It is there. No, it is not there. Where is the toilet, please? The toilet is over there.

What is that? Pardon. What? That. Oh, it is a good book. What do you want?

I want the wine, please. Who is here? We are here. Who is that woman? I do not know.

Darn! It is Madonna!
What a woman! She is wonderful!

16. EVERYTHING - COLLOQUIAL - POLITE AND SLANG:

Ndi-lapha. Wena,, u-lapho. Ndi-thanda wena.. U-thanda imali.

Yena, wenza (does) lento.

Wenza lonto (that).

Ndi-nga si-thetha (speak) ka-ncinci isi-Xhosa! Wena, a-ku-kwazi-(cannot)-uku-thi (say) Tshani? Ndi-ya ku-qonda wena (you). Wena, a-ku-ndi-qondi mna (me).

Ndi-funa (want) uku-ya (go) e-barini. Wena u-funa uku-ya kwindlu yangasese (toilet) Mna, ndi-ne (have) xesha (time) elincinci, Nkosazana! Kodwa, u-ne-(have) -mali encinci, Mnumzana? Suku-sela (not drink) amanzi eFrance, nceda!!

Suku-sela (not drink) amanzi eFrance, nceda!!
France!!
Sela I-wayine.

Sela I-wayine. Unjani wena, Eliza? Ndi -khona enkosi, Khulu. I -nkulu (big) na?

Hayi, i-ncinane.
Wena a (not)- ku-mazi (know) yena (her)!
Shu! Yena u-ngu mmangaliso!
Ewe, ngoku ndi (I)-ne- ngxaki ezi-ntlanu (5).
problems!!!
Aba-ntwana bonke (all)!

Yi-ntoni (what) leyo? Uxolo. Intoni? Nantsi-ya. A-yi-mbanga. Shu!!!

Lungile? Ewe i yi "cool". Ewe, iyi izinga Ewe, i yi qobelo

Suku -thi Tshani, nceda. Tshani! I yi yo qobelo Ndi-fanele-(must)- uk-wenza (do) lento. Wena u-fanele uk-wenza (do) lanto (that). I am here.
You are there.
I like you.
You like the money.
He does this

She does that.
I can speak a little Xhosa!
You can not say Tshani?
I understand you.
You do not understand me.

I want to go to the bar. You want to go to the toilet. I have a little time, Miss! But, do you have a little money, Sir? Please don't drink the water in

Drink the wine.
Drink the wine.
How are you, Eliza?
I am well, thank you, Khulu.
Is it big?

No, it is small. You do not know her! Darn! She is wonderful! Yes now, I have five

All the children!

What is that? Pardon. What? There it is. Not bad. Darn!

OK? Yes, it's cool! Yes, it's cool! (classy) Yes, it's cool! (upper class)

Please do not say

It is not cool (upper class)!!! I must do this. You must do that Ummangaliso.? U-yaseta? Ewe, wena uyaseta

Sala kakuhle, okwa-ngoku! Sani. Ndakubona, sani. Sakube siphinde sibona-ne!

Note Speed reading 14 minutes

Wonderful? Yes you are wonderful!

Bye bye, for now! Bye bye, for now! Bye bye, for now! Be seeing you soon!!

17. CLOSING

Now of all the things ... your mind ... has been playing with ... to create new ... wave patterns ... in the natural language ... from ... here and there ... liking ... doing ... can ... understanding ... wanting ... getting ... having ... ordering... greeting ... describing ... knowing ... numbering ... asking ... and ... everything ... I wonder which things ... you will bring back ... to stay deep within you ... so easily available ... to you ... in that special Yoruba place ... in you mind ... as needs arise ... without conscious effort ...

Just naturally ... in your own way ... as part of you ... instinctively ... as that new part of you ... grows ... stronger and stronger ... you will begin to speak with a beautiful accent ... so easily ... reinforcing your learning ... with a gentle quiet confidence ... which will surprise you ... and such a beautiful accent ... of which you will be proud ... to fit the music of the natural language ... will surprise you even more ... and more ... as you repeat the CRE ... so that ... in every day ... in every way ... you get ... better and better ...

And now as you choose ... to do something ... that makes you feel so comfortable with yourself ... something you will feel more and more ... able to do ... so that you feel ... even more comfortable ... and confident ... naturally ... in your own way ... you can take whatever time you need ... just to process your thoughts ... in your own special way ... and to bring this experience to a comfortable close ...

You will feel well ... and you will begin ... to feel confidence ... about the future ... and about making progress ... in the natural language ... in your own natural way ... and you will find such joy ... in speaking so gently ... with growing confidence ... and experience ... which will add ... a new exciting quality to your life ... because ... with every new language you learn ... you do add a new quality to your life ... in that special ... "English Place" on your mind ...

And when you feel ... you are ready ... and you want to ... you can start the process of reorienting yourself ... bringing yourself back ... taking your time ... and when you are ready ... you can fully orient yourself ... and allow your eyes to open ... feeling well ...and happy ... because ... and you will begin to experience confidence ... more and more ... because ... from now ... in every day ... in every way ... you will ... be getting ... better and better ...

And as we end of each CRE session ... 30 minutes has just flashed by ... to be repeated ... and enjoyed ... many times ... relaxed ... calm and confident ... of achieving a beautiful accent ... that becomes natural for you ... with learning that is efficient and effective ... so from now on ... be positive ... and with a positive expectation of success ... surprise yourself ... as you feel the continual support ... our Team ... in Bayonne, France On August 15, 2001 ... and of course ... as in all our things ... we do ... as ever ... wish you ... God Bless ...

18. NATURAL VOCABULARY:

(without accents)

a. Greetings/Exclamations:

hello good morning, how are you?` I am well thank you molo unjani wena? I am well thank you enkosi

goodbye yes no OK not too bad U-sale ewe hayi/cha ku-lungile kukubanga kangako

Kakuhle

darn! Tshani! there it is! "cool"!!!
Shu! Tshani! nantsiya? qobelo/zinga

b. Verbs: uku-

to be have like want can -hona -na -thanda/-cela -funa -nga/-naku

do say/speak go come give -enza -thi/-thetha -ya/-hamba -za/-vela -nika/-pha

take eat drink sleep/go to bed know -thatha -tya -sela -lala -azi

understand must get find -qonda/yeva -mele -fumana -funa

c. Prepositions:

some a the to from -ntwana i le ku/ye/za ku/e

d. Pronouns:

l you he she we Mna/ndi wena.u/nina yena/u yena/u thina/si

it this that Mr Mrs.

yona/l lo/eli etc. lowa, eliya etc.Umnumzana (Mnu) Nkosikazi (Ksk)

e. Nouns:

money	thing	man	woman/wife	water
imali	into	indoda	umfazi	amanzi
car	ticket	book	friends	friend
imoto	itikiti	incwadi	abahlobo	umhlobo

f. Adjectives/adverbs/Other:

good	bad	big	small	now
-lungile	-lunganga	nkulu	ncinane	ngoku
later	a little	wonderful!	happy	easy/difficult
emva	ncinci	mmangaliso	vuya	lula/nzima

here there

apha/nantsi apho/nantso

g. Interogatives:

Malini?	-phi?	-ntoni?	Ngubani?	nini?
how much?	where?	what?	who?	when?

Note: What is this? Yintoni lena?

Question? na? (what sometimes omitted)

h. Numbers:

one	two	three	four	five
i-nye	zi-mbini	zi-thathu	zi-ne	zi-ntlanu

i. And some survival words:

WC (yangasese), always (soloko), fast/slow (ngokukhawuleza/cothisa), but (kodwa), never (zange), please (nceda), food (ukutya), train (i-train), bus (I-bhasi), home (I-khaya), work (umsebenzi), time (ixesha), today (namhlanje), tomorrow (ngo-mso), paper (I-phepha), newspaper (I-phephandaba), day (usuku), week (I-veki), year (unyaka), hour (I-yure), minute (umzuzu), hamburger (hamburger), McDonalds (McDonalds), think (cinga/cabanga), read (funda), write (bhala), laugh (hleka), dance (danisa), later (mva), stop (ima), policeman (ipolisa), six (zi-thandathu), seven (zi-sixhenxe), eight (zi-sibhozo), nine (zi-lithoba), ten (zi-lishumi), hundred (ikhulu), thousand (iwaka),tshani (u-mhlobo/u-mligane) ... bye bye (u-hambe u-mligane) ... be seeing you soon (sakube siphinde sibona-ne)!

19. NATURAL FEEDBACK AND NEW IDEAS

(to robertboland@wanadoo.fr)

1.	HOW LONG DID YOU TAKE TO STUDY THE CRE?
2.	WHAT WAS GOOD ABOUT IT?
3.	WHAT WAS BAD ABOUT IT?
4. \	WHAT NEW IDEAS?
5. H	IOW CAN WE HELP YOU IN THE FUTURE?

20 - DAILY MINI PHRASE BOOK

(Good idea to type or write out your own copy. Speed reading 4 minutes)

BASICS:

Thank you. Enkosi
Hallo Molo
Yes/no Ewe/Hayi
Please Nceda
Excuse me Uxolo

INTRODUCTIONS:

Good morning Molo

Good-bye.

Hamba (go) ka-kuhle (well)

My name is ...

I-gama (name) lam ndi-ngu (is)...

What is your name?

Ngubani (what) i-gama lakho (your)?

How are you? Unjani wena?

I am well, thanks Ndi-philile. Enkosi (thanks)

And how are you? Unjani wena (you)?

Where do you come from? U-vela (come) phi (where)?

I'm from: Ndi-vela (come) ...:

France eFrance
England eNgilane
America e-AMerika

I'm with: Ndi-no/ne (with) ...:

Red Cross
Nokia
Red Cross
Nokia

QUESTIONS:

When/how? Nini?/Njani? What/why? Ntoni?/Ngoba? Who/which? Bani?/Yiphi? Where is ...? Uphi/lphi...?

Where can I get ...? Ndi-nga (can)-yi-fumana (get) -phi (where)...?

How much is it? Yi-malini?

Can you help me? U-nga-ndi (me)-nceda (help)?

(What) does this mean? I-thetha uku-thini (mean) lento (this)?

UNDERSTANDING:

I understand Ndi-ya-qonda I don't understand. A-ndi-qondi

Please say that again.. Nceda (please) phinda kwa-khona

Can you translate this for me? U-nga (can)-ndi-guqulela (translate) lento (this)?

Can I get ... ?

You know how to speak:

English/Xhosa?

I don't speak Xhosa. I speak a little ... Ndi-nga (can)-fumana (get)-na...? U-yasi (know)-thetha (speak) ?:

IsiNgesi/isiXhosa

A-ndi-si-thethi (speak) i-siXhosa Ndi-thetha kancinci (a little).

COMMENTS:

lt's:

right/wrong better/worse big/small cheap/expensive

good/bad hot/cold near/far I ...:
lungile/lunganga

ngcono/mbi nkulu/ncinane fikeleleka/ixhomile lungile/lunganga shushu/banda kufuphi/kude

FOOD:

I like:

breakfast lunch dinner.

May I have some (I can get some):

bread/butter cheese eggs

meat/potatoes apples/oranges coffee

milk fruit juice water tea Ndi-thanda (like) ...:

isidlo (meal) sakusasa isidlo sasemini isidlo sasebusuku

Ndi-nga-(can)-yi-fumana (get) intwana:

yesonka/yebhotolo isonka samasi amaqanda nyama/iitapile apile/orenji I-kofu u-bisi

incindi (juice) ye-zighamo (fruit)

amanzi i-ti

I want to pay now.

I think that you make a mistake.

Thank you.

Ndi-funa (want) uku-bhatala ngoku (now).

Ndi-cinga (think) ukuba w-enze (make) impazamo (mistake) Enkosi

TRANSIT:

Where is the nearest shop: Where can I get a taxi? How much to go to ...?

Take me there.
Please stop here.
This is the wrong road.

Go straight ahead. It's there, on the:

Iphi (where) ivenkile (shop) eku-futshane? Ndi-nga- (can) yi-fumana (get) phi I-taxi?

Y-imalini uku-ya (go) e ...?

Ndi - (me) thathe- (take) undise apho (there).

Nceda misa (stop) apha.

Le yindlela (road) engalunganga

Hamba ngqo ngomgaqo (ahead) .

I-lapho (there) e-(on)...:

left/right next to/after north/south east/west

ekhohlo/ekunene ecaleni kwe/emva kumantla/kumazantsi empuma/entshona

Where is the: town centre? pharmacy?

Iphi-: u-mbindi dolophu (town)?

i-khemest?i

SHOPPING:

Do you have any ...? How much is this? I will take it.

Naaba u-nayo (have) ...? Yimalini lento (this)? Ndi-za kuvi-thatha (take)

What colours have you?

Black Blue Red White Green M-ibala (colours) mini (what) o-nayo (have)? Mnvama

Luhlaza Bomvu Mhlope

I want to buy:

aspirin soap

Luhlaza okwengca Ndi-funa uku-thenga (buv):

aspirini

i-sephu

half kilo apples litre of milk film/newspaper i-hafu ye-kilo ze-apile (apples) i-litha yo-bisi (milk)

-film/l-phephandaba

TELEPHONE:

Hello, this is ...

Molo, Iona ngu (is) ...

Please speak:

louder

Nceda thetha:

kakhulu kunoko (loud) ngo-kucothayo

I want to speak to:

Mr. Mrs. Miss

slowly

Ndi-funa (want) uku-thetha no:

u-Mnumzana (Mnu) Nkosikazi (Nskz) Nkosazana(Nkz)

When is he back?

Ask him to telephone me.

Ubuya nini?

Cela (ask)-le a-ndi-fowunele (telephone)

TIME:

Do you have enough time?

What time is it? ...

U-nalo (have) ixesha (time) elaneleyo na?

Ngu-bani (what) ixesha?

It is:

five past one quarter past three five past one (use English!!!)

quarter past three

Ngu:

MEETINGS:

We see you: Si (we) -yaku-bona (see) ...

today namhlanje tomorrow mgomso

next week kwiveki (week) ezayo (next)

in the evening ngo-rhatya soon msinyane

You are right/wrong. U-lungile/akulunganga

That is right I-lungile

LOCATIONS:

Here/there Apha/Apho
At the UN office Kwi (at)-ofisi ye- UN
(Is) it near/far I-kufutshane/ikude?
How many hours? Ii-yure (hours) ezi-ngaphi?

21. PLAY QUIZ

Test your Xhosa instincts ... associate the phrases ... in groups of four ...

a. I am well. Ku-lungile.
b. I am sorry. Enkosi
c. Thank you. Ndi-philile.
d. OK Uxolo

e. You're welcome! Wena wa-mkelekile.
f. Well done Kuhle ka-khulu.
g. Hello Unjani?
h. How are you? Molo

i. Is everything OK?! Yima apha.
j. Try to do it Andi-seli.
k. I do not drink. Li-nga uk-uyenza.
l. Stop here. Yonke into i-lungile na?

m. Yes U-weyitala?
n. Please Nceda.
o. I am sorry Ndi-yaxolisa.
p. Waiter? Ewe.

q. How much is that?
r. Where is the toilet?
s. Where/when/why?
t. What time is it?

Ngubani ixesha na?
-phi/-nini/-ngoba?
lphi indlu yangasese?
Yimalini lonto?

u. Help me please? A-ndi-gondi.

v. I do not understand Nceda, u-thethe ngo-ku-cothayo.

w. What does this mean? U-nga-ndi-nceda? x. Please, speak slowly I-thetha ntoni lento?

y. Be seeing you soon!. Uku-tya ku-lungile/sala ka-kuhle z. Good food/cheers!! Sakube siphinde sibona-ne!!

Answers: In the phrase book ... if you need them ...

APPENDIX A - ROUTINE ACCENT IMPROVEMENT

LONG TERM RE-INFORCEMENT - AFTER ONE WEEK/MONTH

RELAX with ... a very POSITIVE attitude ... and a very confident EXPECTATION of SUCCESS ... in just one more week ... of PLAYING with the natural language ...

Our natural suggestions for this week are:

Day 1 – Play the LEARNING REINFORCEMENT. Study the Brief Grammar and Mini-Phrase Book to understand every word. Then SPEAK wth the tape and RECORD your efforts.

Day2 - STUDY the text (Sections 2-16). Then SPEAK LOUDLY and then very SOFTLY with the tape. SPEED READING (2-16) in 14 minutes.

Day 3 – SPEAK in THEATRICAL style with the tape and text together. Do SPEED READING (2-16) in 12 minutes.

Day 4 – SPEAK with tape and text. For difficult words/phrases ... stop the tape ... and repeat the word/phrase many times ... singing and shouting!

Day 5 - STUDY again the Mini-phrase Book. Then do it as SPEED READING in 4 minutes. SPEAK with tape and text using three different voices ... just for fun!.

Day 6 – SPEED READING (2-16) in 8 minutes. LiSTEN to your recording from Day 1. Then SPEAK with the tape ... with a beautiful CONFIDENT accent.

Day 7 - SPEAK with the tape with fun and confidence. Email your feedback to robertboland@wanadoo.fr.

APPENDIX B - ADDITIONAL VOCABULARY TO MEET THE SPECIAL NEEDS OF EACH ORGANIZATION (100 WORDS)

Special Vocabulary for UNHCR

English	Pashto	Dari	Xhosa (insert)
Airport	hawaa dagar	maydaan-e hawaa-i	
Army	pauz	fauj/ordu	
Asylum	panaah	pamaah	
Border	pdlay	sarhadd	
Camp	dd kaamp	kaamp-d	
Children	muchouman	awladah	
Clothing	jama	poxaak	
Cooking pot	chainaq	dd paxldy loxay/deg	
Cooperation	hamkari	pd gdda kaar kawdl	
Customs	gumruk	gumruj	
Delay	nawakta	dzandy	
Detention	ndzar-band	tawkif	
Development program	dd wadi prograam p	rograam-d ynkyshaafi	
Displaced persons	be-zaya shdwi xaldł	<	
		be-jaa shodygaan	
Electricity	breshna	brexnaa	
Emergency	hajol	ber-dndy pexa	
Expulsion	shar-dl	kharej/zxraaj	
Family	koranay	hekraaj	
Government	hokumat	hokumat	
Grandparents	padar kalan	padar wa maser kalan	
Handicapped	saya	ma-yub	
Health	roghtyaa	seat/syhhat	
Hospital	roghtun	shafakhana	
House	kor	khana/kor	
HQ	mankaz	mankae	
Human rights	dd bashar hakkuna	hokuk e bashar	
Husband	mehra	shwahan	
Lamp	dewan	tsheragh	
Legal protection	kaanuni saatdna	hymayat e kanoun	
Malnutrition	bada ghdzaa	sou-e taghziya	
Material assistance	maadi komak	komak-e mawadi	
Ministry	wdzaarat	wezarat	
Nutrition	ghdzaa	taghziya	
Pain - days/weeks	dard worat	dard e ruz/hafta	
Pain - months/years	dard hafta	dard e mo/sol	
Pain - treatment	dard mehda	dard e ta-dow-wi	
Pain - arms/legs	dard bazou/paie	dard e dest/pal	
Pain - chest dard		dard e sina	
Pain - ears/eyes	dard gauche/stergu	ee	

dard e goch/cheshom

Pain - hands/feet dard daste/paie dard e dest/pai
Pain - head/neck dard sav/gardan dard e sar/ghardin
Pain - stomach dard mehda dard e meda

Persecution zawrawdi aziyat Petrol tel petrol/tel

Police-station dd polis st-eshan sar-mammuriyat-e-police

President mdshir ra-is
Prison bandy-khana zyndan
Province ayaalat wela-yate

Reception centre dd melma paaldne mahal e pazirahi/

markaz-d paziraa-i

Refugee mohajer panahenda Representative astaazy nema-yandghi Rural da kdll

Rural da kdii

Sanitation hyfzu-syhna hyfzu syhha
Shelter rijdi panaga
Status haysiyat haysiyat
Tent rijdi gihejdi/khayma

Torture shekanja shykanja Town khar shahr Transportation transport transport

Travel Docs sdd safar sanaduna sdd safar sanaduna

Tribe t-dbdr kabila

Truck lan mot-dr/lari motar-d laar/lari Urban dd khari dd khari Village kday karya

Village kday karya Voluntrary repatriation pd rdzaa-sara berta legal

bar-gasht-d yraadi

War jagara jangue Water aaba aab

Wife kaza zawja/khanom

APPENDIX C - BRIEF GRAMMAR

(Challenge - correct this rough Xhosa nnd discuss with a natural speaker)

1. Structure - subject, object and verb:

Ndi- lapha (here). I (am) here.

INGANE i-lapha The CHILD is here.

Ingane i-lapha NA? Question - is the child here?

2. Articles:

Ingane i-lapha A child here is.

3. Nouns:

IZIN-gane zia-lapha. Child-REN are here. Ingane-e LUNGILE i-lapha The GOOD child is here.

U-v-ingane. HE is a child.

4. Possession:

U ingane YAMI. He is MY child.

5. Relative:

Ingame O-lapha The child WHO here is.

6. Demostrative:

Eli-ngame i-lapha. THIS child is here. Eliya-ngame i-lapho. THAT child is THERE.

7. Interogatives:

INTONI le- nto?

NGUBANI loyo?

IPHI ingane?

MALINI incwadi?

WHAT is this thing?

WHO is that?

WHERE is the child?

HOW-MUCH is the book?

8. Imperatives:

YENZA Io! DO this! VELA I-apha! COME here!

9. Negatives:

Ewe, NGI-NE incwadi.
Hayi, A-ndi-NA incwadi.
SUKU-vela i lapha.
Yes, I HAVE a book.
No, I do NOT have the book.
Do NOT come here.

10. To be, have and want (with "me" to indicate the present tense):

Ndi/ndi-ne/ndi-funa I am/have/want
Wena u/u-ne/u-funa You are/have/want

Yena u/u-ne/u-funa He is/has/wants

APPENDIX D - BROCHURE CRE - CREATIVE RELAXATION EXERCISE THE NATURAL WAY TO PLAY WITH LANGUAGE AND A BEAUTIFUL ACCENT – WITH JUST A 30 MINUTE AUDIO

KEY CONCEPT: WHEN you create new POSITIVE wave patterns in YOUR mind ... they give you STRENGTH for today ... and HOPE for the future"

Opportunity for AID WORKERS on short or long missions to other countries to feel more secure, comfortable and effective in achieving better working relationships in English, with local government, refugees, client and project staff as they perceive the effort to speak the local language with a good accent, and thus to respect and value the local culture.

Description: dynamic English-based brief language learning system developed with some UN staff and available shortly in: Dari, Pashto, English, French, German, Spanish, Portuguese, Finnish, Arabic, Urdu, Indonesian, Malay, Shona, Russian, Mandarin and with other languages in process: Uzbek, Cantonese, Xhosa, Zulu, Tswana, Swedish, Hindi, Nepali, Italian, Zulu, Swahili etc.

Designed for: non-speakers to acquire a confidence very rapidly, in the basics of the local natural language, and for current speakers to achieve significant accent improvement.

Course duration: optional one hour of professional instruction in CRE and then at individual discretion during one week, with reinforcement a month later.

Application: individual training or as a small part of any mmangement training program to stimulate creativity, because: "Each language is an intellectual treasure-house of communication, culture and humanitarian values" - Professor Kenneth Hale - linguistics expert of MIT who spoke 50 languages fluently and died October 8th 2001.

Method: uses the CRE technique to achieve intuitive absorption of the natural language with confidence and without stress. Designed to handle varying individual value systems and needs. CRE technique, once acquired, can be easily used for any other language or dialect. Instant relaxation exercise for confidence to learn.

Further information: email robertboland@wanadoo.fr Dr. Bob Boland MD, MPH (Johns Hopkins), DBA, ITP (Harvard Business School), Former visiting professor at: INSEAD: IMD, Cranfield, Columbia, GSB, Stellenbosch, Wits, WHO, ILO, UNEP, UNIDO, AID,, IRC, Peace Corps, Shell, Burma, Barlows, Baxter, Nokia etc.

APPENDIX E - HUNDRED MOST USED WORDS IN CONVERSATION

((Challenge insert Xhosa learn associate and remember)				
1. A/an	2. After	3. Again	4. All	5. Almost
UN/UNO	DESPUES	OTRA-VEZ	TODO	CASI
6. Also	7. Always	8. And	9. Because	10. Before
TAMBIEN	SIEMPŘE	Υ	PORQUE	ANTES
11. Big	12. But	13. I can	14. I come	15. Either/or
GRANDE	PERO	PUEDO	VENGO	0.0
16. I find	17. First	18. For	19. Friend	20. From
ENCUETRO	PRIMO	PARA	AMIGO	DE
21. l go	22. Good	23. Goodbye	24. Happy	25. I have
VOY	BUENO	ADIOS	FELIZ	TENGO
26. He	27. Hello	28. Here 29. How		30. I
EL	OLA	AQUI	COMO	YO
31. I am	32. lf 33. ln	34. I knov	v	35. Last
SOY/ESTOY	SI	EN	SE	ULTIMO
36. I like	37. Little	38. I love 39. I make	9	40. Many
ME GUSTA	PEQUENO	AMO	HAGO	MUCHOS
41. One	42. More	43. Most	44. Much	45. My
UNO	MAS	MAYORIA	MUCHO	MI
46. New 4	7. No	48. Not	49. Now	50. Of
NUEVO	NO	NO	AHORA	DE
51. Often 53	2. On	53. One	54. Only	55. Or
FREQUENTE	SOBRE	UNO	SOLO	0
56. Other 5	7. Our	58. Out	59. Over	60. People
OTRO	NUESTRO	AFUERA	SOBRE	GENTE
61. Place 6		63. Same	64. I see	65. She
LOGAR	PER FAVOR	MISMO	VEO	ELLA
66. So	67. Some	68. Sometimes	69. Still	70. Such
ENTONCES	ALGUNOS	AVECES	TODAVIA	ESE/ESA
71. I tell	72. Thank you	73. That	74. The	75. Their
DIGO	GRACIAS	ESTO	EL/LA	DE ELLOS
76. Them	77. Then	78. There is	79. They	80. Thing
ELLOS	DESPUES	HAY	ELLOS	COSA
81. I think	82. This	83. Time 84. To		85. Under
PENSO	ESTO	TIEMPO	PARA	DEBAYO
86. Up	87. Us 88. I use	89. Very	90. We	
ARRIBA	NUSOTROS	USO	MUY	NOSOTROS
91. What	92. When	93. Where	94. Which	95. Who
QUE	CUANDO	DONDE	QUAL	QUIEN
96. Why	97. With	98. Yes	99. You	100. Your
PORQUE	CON SI	US	TED	SU

APPENDIX F - BRIEF DICTIONARY - EFSG ENGLISH/ FRENCH/ SPANISH/ GERMAN

(Challenge: insert Xhosa)

un/une in/eine а un/una about environ cerca de ungefähr accident.l' accidente accident Unfall action action la accion Handlung actually en fait realmente eigentlich après depués nach after afternoon après-midi.l' tardes Nachmittag airport aeroport.I' aeropuerto Flughafen alone seul solo/unico allein also aussi también auch immer always touiours siempre am (I) suis (je) vo sov/estov bin (ich) and und anniversaire cumpleaños anniversary Jahrestag anybody n`importe aui cualquiera irgendiemand anything n'importe quoi cualquier cosa irgendetwas April Avril abril April usted es/está sind are(you) êtes (vous) arrive arriver llegar ankommen at à a/en an August Aout agosto August bad mauvais malo schlecht hank banque.la hanco Rank Bar. die bar bar har bath bain.le baño Bad heat hattre hatir schlagen beautiful beau/belle schön hermoso because weil parce que porque bed lit.le cama Bett commencer anfangen begin comenzar derrière behind detrás/atrás hinter à côté de beside al lado de nächst better meilleur meior besser bill facture.la cuenta Rechnung, die arande arand bia aross biscuit biscuit.le galleta Keks black schwarz noir nearo book livre.le libro Buch boy garcon,le niño/muchacho Junge bread pain,le Brot pan breakfast petit dej.le desayuno Frühstück brother frère.le hermano Bruder, der bus autobus.le autobús/camión Bus

Geschäft business affaires.les negocio acheter comprar kaufen buv können can (able) pouvoir poder car auto.l' carro/coche Auto carefully prudent prudente vorsichtia porter llevar tragen carry cash argent.le dinero Bargeld chair chaise la silla Stuhl cheap bon marché barato billia children enfants niños Kinder choose choisir seleccionar wählen cigarette cigarette.la cigarillo Zigarette clean propre oigmil sauber clever intelligent inteligente klug nubes Wolken, die clouds nuages,les coffee cafe.le café Kaffee cold froid frio kalt color Farbe colour couleur.la come venir venir kommen complain plaindre reclamar klagen contrat.le contract contrato Vertrag cook cuire cocinar kochen cost coût.le costo Kosten count conter contar zählen créditeurs.les acreedor Gläubiger creditors auo tasse la taza Tasse customer client.le cliente Kunde customs douane.la aduana 7oll daughter fille,la hija Tochter día day iour.le Tag cher dear caro teuer debtors débiteurs.les deudores Schuldner December Décembre diciembre Dezember dinner dîner.le comida Abendessen sale sucio schmutzia dirtv dividir de divided by divisé par dividiert durch faire hacer dο tun doctor médecin.le doctor/médico Arzt doers actifs.les trabajadores Täter drink boire beber/tomar trinken drive conduire manejar/coduc. fahren dry sec seco/árido trocken de bonne heure early temprano früh easy facile fácil leicht manger comer eat essen eight huit ocho acht quatre vingt ochenta achtzia eiahtv either ou O entweder eleven onze once elf

English Anglais enjoy s`amuser enough assez(de) etc. et cetera evenina soir.le chaque everv fall off tomber family famille la father père.le father/law beau-père,le fat gros

Febuary Février fiftv cinquante fight combattre finance financer find trouver fine beau fingers doiats.les finish finir fish poisson.le five cinq foa brouillard.le food nourriture.la fools fous.les

pour

quatre

fourchette,la

fortv quarante Friday Vendredi,le friendly sympathique friends amis.les future(adj) futur game ieu le generally généralement aet obtenir airl ieune fille.la donner give

for

fork

four

hate

alass verre.le aller go good bon good-bye au revoir good even. bonsoir good morn. bonjour good night bonne nuit gourmand greedy half moitié

happy heureux dêtester inalés Englisch gozar de sich freuen bastante/suf. aenua etcétera usw tarde Abend ieder cada caer fallen familia Familie padre Vater

suegro Schwiegervater

gordo fett febrero Februar cincuenta fünfzia luchar kämpfen finanzieren finanza encontrar finden fino/perf/bel. schön (Wetter) dedos Finger terminar beenden pescado Fisch cinco fünf niebla Nebel

comida/alim Essen Verrückten tontos/locos para/por für Gabel tenedor cuatro vier cuarenta vierzig viernes Freitag freundlich amigable amigos Freunde futuro zukünftig iueao Spiel generalmente allgemein bekommen

obtener niña/muchacha Mädchen geben dar vaso Glas ir/andar gehen gut bueno/buen adiós auf Wiedersehn

buenas tardes auten Abend buenos días guten Morgen buenas noches gute Nacht codicioso gierig medio/mitad halb contento/feliz alücklich odiar hassen

have avoir (i'ai) haber/tener haben he Δr hello hola hallo salut help aider avudar helfen helpful utile util behilflich la/lui la/le ihr her (acc.) here ici aguí hier elle-même ella misma sie selbst herself him le/lui le/lo ihn/ihm himself lui-même él mismo er selbst his son suyo sein honest honnêt honrado ehrlich hoffen hope espèrer esperar hospital hopital.le Krankenhaus hospital hot chaud caliente heiss hotel hotel le hotel Hotel how are v.? comment a.-v.? cómo está Ud? wie geht e.I.? wieviel? how many? combien de? cuántos? however cependant sín embargo iedoch hundred cent cien hundert tener hambre hungry avoir faim hungrig husband mari le esposo/marido Ehemann vo I am well ie vais bien muv bien mir aeht es aut ice-cream glace,la helado Eis if si si wenn important important importante wichtig impossible impossible imposible. unmöglich in front of devant enfrente de vor intelligent inteligente intelligent klua inventaire. I' inventory inventario iventor est (il) is (he) es ist (er) it cela eso es (er) itself cela-même eso mismo es selbst January Janvier enero Januar iournev vovage.le viaie Reise Juillet iulio Juli July June Juin iunio Juni knife coûteau le cuchillo Messer saber/conocer know savoir/conn. wissen labour main d'oeuvre trabajo Arbeit language langue,la idioma Sprache tard late tarde spät later plus tard mas tarde/lu. später apprendre aprender lernen learn less moins de menos minus/weniger

carta/letra

vida

Brief

Leben

letter

life

lettre.la

vie.la

43

like (verb) aimer gustar gern haben listen écoûter oir zuhören little peu росо wenia lona lona largo lang auf die Dauer long run finalement a lo largo look regarder mirar schauen look for chercher buscar suchen loss perte.la pérdida Verlust lot lots beaucoup de mucho viel love aimer bien querer lieben low has baio tief tener suerte avoir/chance Glück (haben) lucky (be) luggage bagages,les equipaie Gepäck lunch déieuner.le almuerzo Mittagessen make/do faire hacer/realizar machen man homme.l' hombre Mann manager directeur.le gerente/dir. Manager many beaucoup (de) muchos viele Landkarte plan.le mapa map March Mars marzo März marriage.le matrimonio Heirat marriage se marier casar heiraten marry materials materiaux.les materia prima Materialien May Mai mayo Mai me me mi mich meal comida Essen repas,le viande.la carne Fleisch meat meet rencontrer encontrar kennen lernen meeting réunion.la reunión Versammlung mind (not) égal (etre) no importa egal (mir) minute minute.la minuto Minute Miss Mademoiselle Señorita Fräulein mistake erreur.la error Fehler Monday Lundi.le lunes Montag monev argent.la dinero Geld moins.le Monat month mes plus más mehr more morning matin.le mañana Morgen mother mère.la madre Mutter mother-i.l. belle-mère suegra Schwiegermutter Mr Monsieur Señor Herr Mrs Madame Señora Frau multipl.by multiplier par multiplic.por multipliz.mit devoir müssen must deber/tener de mγ mon mi/mis mein moi-même ich selbst mvself mi near près de cerca de nahe never iamais nunca/jamás niemals never mind n'importe no importa nichts (macht)

neuf new nuevo neu nice agréable fino/bueno nett neuf nine nueve neun niaht nuit la noche Nacht ninetv quatre-v.-dix noventa neunzia nein no non nο nobody personne nadie niemand ruido noise bruit le Krach not ne...pas nο nicht nothina rien nada nichts November Novembre noviembre November now maintenant ahora ietzt o`clock heures (7.00) hora (7.00) Uhr (7.00) October Octobre octubre Oktober of course naturellement naturalmente natürlich Ohl Ohl OΙ Ach! old vieux vieio alt sobre auf on sur one un un/uno eins oder or OU ი orders ordres.les órdenes Bestellung notre nuestro our unser nous-même ourselves nosostros wir selbst out dehors fuera aus overheads Laufenden U. frais gen.les gasto gener. owner's ea. capital.le capital Anlagekapital parents.les padres Eltern parents passeport,le pasaporte Pass passport people gens gente Menschen endroit.le Platz place sitio/lugar plane avion.le avión Flugzeug plate assiette.la plato Teller please s`il v. plaît por favor bitte police police.la policía Polizei polite ilog cortés höflich porter porteur.le portero Träger possible possible möglich posible present prèsent presente aeaenwärtia pretty ioli . bonito hübsch products produits,les productos Produkte profit profit.le ganancia Gewinn put poner mettre legen quarter quartier,le cuarto Viertel quickly vite aprisa/de pri. schnell pluie,la lluvia rain Regen read lire leer lesen vraiment wirklich really de veras red colorado/rojo rot

rouge

relax se relaxer remember rappeller restaurant restaurant.le riaht raison (avoir) road rue la room chambre.la sales ventes. les Saturday Samedi le save sauver dire sav see voir sell vendre September Septembre serve servir service service seven sept.le seventy soixante-dix she elle short court should devoir sick malade Sir Monsieur sister soeur la sit s'asseoir sit down être assis six six sixty soixante sky ciel.le sleep dormir petit small fumer smoke snack snack.le some auelaues somebody auelau'un somethina quelque-chose sometimes auelaue-fois fils.le son dommage sorrv soup potage,le speak parler spend dépenser spoon cuillère.la stand up se lever station gare,la stay rester

banc,le

sucre.le

été.le

stool

sugar summer relaiarse recordar restaurante correcto/der calle cuarto/habit. venta/saldo sábado salvar decir ver vender septiembre servir servicio siete setenta ella corto deber enfermo Señor hermana sentar sentarse seis sesenta cielo dormir pequeño/chiqu. fumar snack unos/poco de alguno algo algún tiempo hiio lo siento sopa hablar gastar cuchara pararse

estación

taburete

azúcar

verano

quedarse

7immer Verkäufe Samstag sparen sagen sehen verkaufen September bedienen Dienst siehen siebzia sie kurz sollen krank Mein Herr Schwester sitzen sich setzen sechs sechziq Himmel schlafen kein rauchen **Imbiss** etwas iemand etwas manchmal Sohn Verzeihuna Suppe sprechen ausgeben Löffel aufstehen Banhhof bleiben Stuhl Zucker Sommer

entspannen

Restaurant

erinnern

richtia

Strasse

soleil.le Sonne sun sol Sunday Dimanche.le domingo Sonntag sweet(pud.) dessert.le Süsspeise dulce/postre table table la mesa Tisch take prendre tomar/llevar nehmen talk parler hablar sprechen bavards.les Schwätzer talkers habladores taxi le taxi Taxi taxi tea the le té Tee téléphone téléphone.le teléfono Telefon tense temps,le tiempo Zeitform ten dix diez . zehn terrible terrible terrible schrecklich merci danke thank you gracias la/cela/que that ese/aquel/cual iener/iene/ienes the le/la el/la/los/las der/die/das their leur SII ihr ellos/ellas sie them eux themselves eux-mêmes ellas/ellos sie selbst allí dort/da there là they ils ellos/ellas sie this ce/cet este/esta dieser dünn thin mince delgado Ding thina chose.la cosa thirsty avoir soif tener sed durstig thirty trente treinta dreissia thousand mille mil tausend three trois tres drei three-gtr. trois-quarts tres cuartros dreiviertel Thursday Jeudi Donnerstag iueves billet.le boleto/billete Karte ticket time heure.la tiempo/vez Zeit.die dib pourboire.le propina Trinkaeld tired . fatiqué cansado müde to para/a nach à auiourd'hui todav hov heute tomorrow demain mañana morgen zu viel too much trop demasiado train train,le tren Zug travel voyager viajar reisen Tuesday Mardi martes Diensttag twelve douze doce zwölf veinte twenty vingt zwanzig two deux dos zwei under debajo/bajo unter sous up en haut arriba oben nos/nosostros us nous uns vegetables legumbres Gemüse

légumes,les

wait attendre waiter garcon.le walk marcher want vouloir waste(n) gaspillage.le nous we weather temps.le Wednesday Mercredi week semaine.la wet pluvieux quel/quoi? quelle heure?

what? what time? when? duand? where où? white blanc who? qui? wife femme,la win gagner wine vin le hiver.le winter woman femme la work travail.le worse pire worst.the le pire write écrire wrong avoir tort vear année,la oui ves ves but oui mais vesterday hier

young jeune your votre yourself vous-même vourselves vous-mêmes

vous

vous

zero zero

you (nom.)

you (acc.)

warten esperar Kellner camarero caminar/pasear spazieren auerer wollen desgaste Abfall nosostros wir Wetter tiempo Mittwoch miércoles semana Woche húmedo/mojado nass

qué? was? qué hora? wie spät.ist es?

cuándo? wann? dónde? wo? blanco weiss quién? wer? esposa Ehefrau aewinnen ganar vino Wein Winter invierno mujer Frau trabaio arbeiten schlechter peor el/lo peor schlechteste escribir schreiben falso/equiv. falsch año Jahr sí ia si, pero ia, aber aver gestern

usted Sie
joven jung
su Ihr
usted Sie selbst
ustedes Sie selbst
cero null

usted/ustedes

Sie

APPENDIX G - INSTANT RELAXATION TECHNIQUE

- 1. This a simple useful CRE technque to give you confidence to learn naturally. If you don't believe you can learn ... you won't learn! ... If you are tense, anxious and stressed ... you won't learn! If you have no confidence ... you won't learn. But with instant relaxation, your mind and body become clear, confident and ready to learn. So do the exercise now ... and again before every CRE session. It takes only three minutes, and with practice, it becomes a powerful tool for you. The only "equipment" you need is an "open mind" and a marble (or similar small object) in your "right" (major) hand.
- 2. So, get into that comfortable position, in which you know ... you really can relax. Be aware that marble gets warm as it absorbs heat from contact with your right hand. Open you hand and allow the warmth to evaporate. Close the hand again, and recognize the marble ... as a physical external symbol ... of the internal function of your mind and body. Allow it to receive and evaporate not just heat ... but emotion, anxiety and stress ... leaving you free, relaxed, confident and ready to learn. NOW ... play the audio tape three times ... first time repeating gently, second time repeating in your mind, third time reparting VERY loud ...please ...
- 3. Then, relax with the hands on the lap, and fix your eyes on the marble as you repeat aloud ... the following sentence ... four times, feeling free to change the wording a little ... to fit your style ... four times ... aloud ... in all:
- "I AM, I CAN, I WILL, I BELIEVE ... I WILL LEARN TO SPEAK AND ENJOY THE LANGUAGE WITH A BEAUTIFUL ACCENT ... NATURALLY ... RAPIDLY ... AND EASILY ... WITHOUT EFFORT"
- 4. With the eyes fixed on the marble ... or closed if you wish ... start to take three slow and very deep breaths ... and be sure to pause ... on each inhalation *... and imagine ... each exhalation ... as evaporating all the anxiety and stress from your mind and body ... through the marble in your hand.
- 5. After the third breath, let your whole mind and body relax completely for two minutes ... thinking ONLY of your breathing ... nothing else ... no self talk at all ... just concentrate on the BREATHING ... very important.
- 6. Then bring yourself back, by simply counting up from 1 to 5, feeling well, relaxed, confident and ready to learn. The marble is now your very personal symbol ... of your confidence to learn and speak the natural language with a beautiful accent.

Note: This simple CRE "Instant Relaxation Technique" can be used anywhere (eyes open or closed) to achieve a calm mind ... without anger, anxiety or stress ... ready and confident to learn .. or deal with any new problem ... that you face ... with a code word "IRT"!.