CRE - CREATIVE RELAXATION EXERCISE

THE NATURAL WAY TO PLAY WITH LANGUAGE AND A BEAUTIFUL ACCENT WITH A 30 MINUTE AUDIO TAPE IN ONE DAY

KEY CONCEPT: WHEN you create new POSITIVE wave patterns in YOUR mind ... they give you STRENGTH for today ... and HOPE for the future ... Arigato!

NO. 332 - JAPANESE from ENGLISH

Version 3 - with a few minor errors - March 2002

Note:

Appendix A - is the routine for long term reinforcement after one month, which can also be used by experienced speakers for the chronic problem of accent deterioration. Books to buy: Lonely Planet phrase books, Instant Japanese (Boye de Mente - Yenbooks) and Assimil. Crosslines - Afghanistan Essential Field Guides to Humanitarian and Conflict Zones - on the web.

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DEDICATION

This program is dedicated to the memory of Professor Kenneth Hale, the eminent linguist of MIT who died on October 8th 2001.

He spoke about 50 languages fluently and regarded each language as an intellectual treasure-house of communication, culture and humanitarian values.

He suggested ... that 30 minutes of a new language ... should be enough to start to make one-self understood ... and then ... the best way ... to progress ... was to speak ... confidently ... more and more ... with natural speakers of the language ...

So on we go ... for one whole day ... with a partner or small group ... speaking and speaking ... and moving ... face, hands and body language to reinforce your communication ... and ending with ... almost instinctive ... easy inter-active conversation ... in the natural language ... and if you are lucky enough to find ... ANY natural speaker for the day ... to be a partner ... or just part of the small group ... that would be just great ...

Thank you.	Arigato
Hello	Kon-nichi-wa
Welcome	Ira-ssha-imase/youkoso
Yes/no	Hai,un,sou/iie,uun
Please	Douzo
Cool (really great)	Dai-joubu
Everything is OK!	Zenbu daijoubu (OK) desu
Good morning	O-hayou (goza-imasu)
My name is	Watashi no (my) namae-wa (name) desu.
What is your name?	O-namae wo oshiete kudasai (politely - teach it to me)
How are you?	O-genki desu ka (question)?
Fine, thanks	Genki desu, arigatou (goza-imasu)

I want ...Ho-shii ...Good-bye.Sayou-nara

... so now start chatting ...with everyone ...and have fun ...

THROAT EXERCISE - 16 KEY WORDS

(Repeat the Japanese many times slowly ... and then at HIGH speed!!)

Thank you	A-ri-gato	AA-RI-GAATO
Hello	Yoh /kon-nichi-wa	YOH/ KONN-NEE-CHEE- WA
Mr.	San	SAN
Mrs.	San	SAN
Yes	Hai	HIGH
No	I-ie	EE-YE
Good	Yoku/Ee	YOR-KKUU / EE
Please	Douzo	DOUGH-ZZOW
Do you have?	wa ari-masu ka?	~WAH AAREE-MASS KAR?
Goodbye	Sa-yo-nara	SAA-YO-NAARA
Bye bye for now!	Jah sa-yo-nara!	YAH SAA-YO-NAARA!
Who?	Dare?	DAARR-RAY?
What?	Nani?	NA-NEE?
I want	Ho-shii	HO-SHEE
Where?	Do-ko?	DO-CKOE?
OK!	O-Kei!/Do-i-ta-shi- mashi-te!	00-KAY! DOE-EE-TAH- SHE- MAHSH-TAY!

Note: For simplicity ... the program is typed without accents!

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 STRUCTURE

This program gives you practice in understanding the structure of the language almost instinctively, as for each difficult phrase, English words are inserted. There is a also a Mini Phrase-book, a Brief note on Grammar and a list of the 100 "most used" words in conversation.

1.2 MEMORY

A simple technique for the memory of difficult sounds is to make up a ridiculous English phrase as a memory "trigger", for example:

Thank you ... arigato ... say: ... thank you ... 'arry Gates says thanks ... arigato ... Do you have? ... wa arimasu ka? ...say: ... do you have? ,,, 'arry must have cake ... wa arismasu ka ...? Good ... yoku ... say: ... good ... this egg yoke is very good ... yoku ...

or email drbobboland@hotmail.com for our CRE 33 MemoryAlert.

1.3 PRACTICE.

Learn very rapidly the list of "most used 100 words" and each day, take one page of the mini-phrase-book, to make 10 minutes of Japanese conversation with a natural speaker or aloud with yourself. Then make a friend of the main Burmese Phrase-book.

NATURAL SUGGESTIONS

Plan to do the whole CRE in one 6 hour CRE day, with a partner or a small group. A natural speaker (if available) would be most welcome as a partner or group member. On the day before, as pre-learning (alone), play the 30 minute tape, just before sleeping, speaking all the time, completely relaxed making no conscious effort to learn anything. Try to make a rough tape of yourself speaking ... sections 2-15 ... now ... as fast as you can ... as a record of where you started ... just for fun!!

After the one full day of CRE, plan revision during your NORMAL ROUTINE in the following week, for just an hour a day. Feel free to do it in any way ... that YOU know ... will suit YOU best ... and will allow you ... both to speak AND to understand ... what is spoken to you ... so relax completely ... and ABSORB ... both consciously and sub-consciously ... the very carefully selected ... 30 minute audio tape ... of new natural language ... which becomes part of you ... intuitively ... instinctively ... without effort ... as you relax with IRT and establish a very POSITIVE attitude ... and a confident EXPECTATION of SUCCESS ... just from PLAYING ... with the natural language ... Our suggested schedule for the 6 hour CRE day (with breaks as needed) is:

- 1 Do IRT. Do the Throat exercise 16 key words
 Play the tape (30 minutes) with the text (hear, see, speak, MOVE, and feel) ... make it fun! Review the Glossary (2 pages).
- 2 Repeat the text (Sections 2-4) to understand every word!
 Play the tape with the text SPEAKING VERY LOUDLY STOP THE TAPE
 AND SING OR SHOUT ANY VERY DIFFICULT PHRASES.
 Do SPEED READING (2-16) in 14 minutes (recorded if possible- for fun!).
 Review the Grammar (1 page) and the Glossary.
- 3 Repeat the text (Sections 5-10) to understand every word!
 Play the tape WITHOUT the text, SPEAKING IN VERY DRAMATIC style.
 Repeat the Throat exercise.
 Begin to create simple conversation with the Mini-phrase book (Hello etc.).
- 4 Repeat the text (Sections 11-16) to understand every word!
 Play the tape with the text, SPEAKING SOFTLY with a good accent.
 Do SPEED READING (Sections 2-16) and Mini-phrase Book.
- 5 Play the tape WITHOUT the text, speaking with three different voices just for fun!. Create conversation with the Mini-phrase book.
 Do SPEED READING (2-16).
- 6 Play the tape SPEAKING with a beautiful CONFIDENT accent.

Do the quiz (1 page). Create converation with mini phrase book. Do SPEED READING (2-16) and Mini-phrase book 14 minutes. Do APS NOW and plan for individual review next week, helping partners as needed.

GENERALLY:

1. REINFORCE the learning in the CAR/TRUCK at any time ... make it an amusing THEATRE of one ... YOU!!! ... by playing and acting out ... ONLY Sections 2 - 16. DO NOT play the relaxation sections in the car ... skip them please! Play the Learning Reinforcement side of the tape as needed for encouragement, be sure to blame your strategy, and not yourself!!

2. RECOGNIZE that a TERRIBLE accent is PAINFUL ... for the hearer ... and so strive always for a beautiful accent in EVERY WORD.

3. Be POSITIVE and NEVER apologise for your language ... you are making the effort to learn the LANGUAGE ... and the HUMAN VALUES ... d thus the CULTURE ... of the people you speak with ... and THEY will appreciate MORE than you can EVEN imagine!! If they reply to you in ENGLISH ... then YOU just CONTINUE to speak in the NATURAL new language ... and they will too ...

4. LISTEN very carefully to what PEOPLE say to YOU ... and BEFORE replying ... REPEAT in YOUR MIND ... EXACTLY what they said this gives you excellent PRACTICE in recognising good STRUCTURE.

5. HESITATE before you SPEAK ... and then speak FREELY and CONFIDENTLY ... without long pauses and ... WITHOUT ... "Urrs and Umms" which are so ANNOYING and BORING ... for the listener ...

6. When you do not know a necessary word ... do NOT hesitate ... simply USE the ENGLISH word ... in the sentence ... the hearer will almost certainly give you the translation ... and you can repeat it ... three times to get it right ... without embarrassment. Use the LEARNING REINFORCEMENT as needed but not in the car!

7. Use SIMPLE SHORT sentences and be CONFIDENT as you begin to talk to people ... expect SUCCESS ... and you will NOT be disappointed ... and try just one MORE new thing ... just for fun in this one week ... drink one litre of WATER EVERY DAY ... it rinses mind and body and has a REMARKABLE preventive/ curative therapeutic effect ... to support new learning ... on we go together.

8. Make your OWN APS AUDIO TAPE a key learning tool for you!

1. GENTLE RELAXATION ...

And now ... I'd like you to arrange yourself ... in a position that is so comfortable ... and natural ... for you ... so that you can sit ... or lie ... for a while ... easily and effortlessly ... and where you can be comfortable ... and yet still remain alert enough ... to focus on the meaningful ... natural language learning ... that we will do together ... natural language ... gentle ... quiet ... peaceful ... and instinctive ... without any effort ... as you absorb its deepest meaning ... interpretation ... and value ... in terms of very personal expectations.

And then when you are ready ... to focus yourself ... you can begin by taking a few deep relaxing breaths ... breathing slowly ... and feeling the rise of your chest ... as you gradually inhale ... feeling that each breath in ... and out ... relaxes you ... calms you ... and re-acquaints you ... with deeper parts of yourself that you are sometimes too busy to notice.

You know ... and I know ... it's very easy ... to get caught up in day to day living ... there is so much to do ... and now is your time ... and I would like you to allow your eyes to close ... as you start to build ... an internal focus ... within yourself ... on those parts of yourself... that will absorb the natural language ... gently ... peacefully ... and instinctively ... almost automatically ... as you ... let yourself go ... relax ... without conscious effort ... because you have nothing ... to do ... now ... except relax ...

And as we go on together ... repeating the phrases ... in the natural language ... with your whole body involved ... moving hands and face ... feelings and body ... to express ... and absorb the words and phrases ... as they will come ... instinctively ... to your mind ... as you speak softly ... with a beautiful accent ... yes ... with a beautiful accent ... which will please and surprise you... as it fits the music ... of the natural language

So on we go together ... speaking all the time ... and moving hands, face feelings and body ... to express ourselves ... in the new natural language (no English please) ... as you create new wave patterns ... in that special... "Nihongo -Japenese Place" ... in your mind.

2. HERE AND THERE (koko/soko):

Watashi (I) wa koko ni (here) imasu (am)	I am here.
Simplified: Watashi wa koko.	I here.
Anata (you) wa soko ni (there) imasu (are).	You (are) there.
Simplified: Anata wa soko.	You there.
Anata wa soko ni imasu ka (question)?	Are you there?
Sou, anata wa soko ni imasu.	Yes, you (are) there.
Anata wa koko (here) ni imasu ka?	(Are) you here?
Uun (no), anata wa koko ni imasen (are not).	No, you are not here.
Sore (it) wa koko desu.	It (is) here.
Sore wa doko (where) desu ka?	Where (is) it?
Sore wa koko desu.	It is here.
Sore wa soko desu ka?	(Is) it there?
Watashi wa shirimasen (know-not).	I do not know.
Miguel wa doko desu ka?	Where (is) Miguel?
Kare (he) wa koko ni i-nai (not) (dewa ari-masen).	He (is) not here.
Kare wa doko (where) desu ka?	Where (is) he?
Watashi wa shiri-masen (know not).	I do not know.
Baka!!. Kare wa (he) soko (there) (desu) yo!	Baka!! There he (is)!

Kare (he) wa suteki desu!!!

Note:

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He (is) wonderful!!

Japanese can be simplified in everyday conversation. Many words like: watashi (I), anata (you), (-ni) imasu (am/is), desu (am/is) and ka (question), can be simply understood and thus omitted. Our brackets show words omitted and the English meaning of key words.

3. LIKING (suki desu):

Wotashi (wa) anata-ga suki (desu) (like).	I like you.
Anata (wa) watashi-ga suki (desu) (ka)?	Do you like me?
Un (yes), watashi (wa) anata-ga suki (desu),	Yes, I like you.
Anata (wa) okane (money) (ga) suki (desu)?	Do you like money?
Un, watashi (wa) okane (ga) suki (desu).	Yes, I like the money.
Watashi (wa) o-mizu (water) (ga) suki (desu).	I like water.
Anata mizu suki (simplified).	You like water.
Watashi (wa) hon-(books) (ga) suki (desu).	I like books.
Kare (he) wa kuruma (car) (ga) suki (desu).	He likes the car.
Kanojo (she) wa kuruma (ga) suki janai (like not).	She does not like the car.
Anata (wa) yuushoku (dinner) (ga) suki (desu) (ka)?	Do you like the dinner?
Uun, watashi (wa) yushoku (ga) suki janai (not) (suki-dewa-arimasen).	No, I do not like the dinner.
Ah Baka!	Oh. Baka!
Onegai (please), Baka tte iwa-nai-de (say not)!	

4. DOING (yaru/suru):

Watashi wa yaru (do).	I do.
Watashi wa kore -wo (this) yaru.	I do this.

Anata wa yaru.	You do.
Anata wa sore-wo (that) yaru.	You do that
Watashi-tachi (we) wa sore-wo yaru.	We do that
Sorede (and) watashi-tachi wa shiawase (happy) (desu).	And, we are happy.

Is that easy or not?

Do you do that?

Please, do that!!!

It is wonderful!

Baka!!!!

Yes, that (is) not difficult.

Sore wa kantan (easy) (desu ka)? Un, Sore wa muzukashi (difficult) ku-nai(not).

Anata sore-wo yarimasu (do) ka (question)? Onegai (please) sore-wo ya-tte (do)!!

Baka!!! Sore wa suba-rashii (wonderful)!

5. CAN/ABLE TO DO (dekiru/yaru/-eru/-emasu):

Watashi wa deki-ru (can).	I can
Watashi (wa) deki-ru ka na (question)?	Can I (question)?
Un (yes), watashi deki-ru.	Yes, I can.

Anata wa kore (this) yareru (ka)?	Can you do this?
Un, watashi wa sore wo yareru (do can).	Yes, I can do that.
Watashi sukoshi (little) taberareru (eat can).	I can eat a little.
Watashi sukoshi nomeru (drink can) (nomemasu).	I can drink a little.

Watashi ikeru (go can) (ikemasu).	I can go.
Watashi korareru (come can) (koraremasu).	I can come?
Watashi nemureru (sleep can) (nemuremasu).	I can sleep.

Anata hanaseru (speak can) (hanasemasu)	You (can) speak.
Anata hanaseru (question) (hanasemasu ka)?	Can you speak?
Un, watashi hanaseru (hanasemasu).	Yes, I can speak.
Anata kore dekiru (do can) (deki-masu) ka?	Can you do this?
Uun, watashi (wa) sore (that) (ga) deki-nai (not) (deki-masen).	No, I (can) not do that.
Anata waka-ru (wakarimasu) ka?	You can understand?
Anata waka-ru (wakarimasu) ka?	Can you understand?
Anata waka-ru?	You understand?
Unn, sukoshi, ne.	Yes, a little.
Anata (wa) Baka -tte ieru (say can) (tte-i-emasu) ka?	Can you say Baka?
Unn, watashi (wa) sukoshi (little) Nihongo hanaseru (speak) (hanashimasu).	Yes, I can speak a little Japanese.
Baka‼ Watashi wa sugoi!	Baka!! I am wonderful!
Note:	
Iku and ikimasu mean "go".	

Ik-ERU and ik-Emasu mean "can go"

Taberu and tabemasu mean "eat." Tabera-RERU and taberar-E-masu mean "can eat".

6. UNDERSTANDING (wakaru):

Note: From here on ... just simple everyday Japanese chat ...

Watashi wakaru (understand).	I understand.
Watashi wakaranai (not).	I do not understand.
Anata wakaru.	You understand.
Anata wakaranai	You do not understand.
Anata onna (women) tte, wakaru?	Do you understand women?
Iie,iie, boku-ni wa (I) wakar-anai (not)	No. No. I do not understand(them)!!!
Oh! Baka! Baka!	Oh. Baka!! Baka!
Onegai, Baka tte iwa-nai-de (say not)!	Please, do not say Baka!

Anata wa suteki-dayo!

You are wonderful!

7. WANTING (hoshii/-tai):

Note: Tabe-ru - eat. Tabe-tai - want to eat.

Boku (I) hoshii (want).	I want.
Boku sukoshi (little) tabe-tai (eat-want).	I want to eat a little.
Boku mizu ga (water) nomi-tai (drink-want).	I want to drink the water.
Boku toire-ni (toilet) iki-tai (go-want)-yo‼	I want to go to the toilet!!!
Anata sukoshi tabe-tai (eat-want) (ka)?	Do you want to eat a little?
Uun. boku (I) tabe-taku-nai (eat want not).	No, I do not want to eat.

Watashi anata-ni sukoshi age-tai (give want)-no.	I want to give you a little.
Iranai-yo!!	No thank you!!
Watashi ki-tai (come want)-na.	I want to come.
(You) nemu-tai (sleep want)?	Do you want to sleep?
Uun, watashi nemu-taku-nai (sleep want not).	No, I do not want to sleep.
Miguel, anata kaeru (frogs) tabe-tai (eat want)?	Miguel do you want to eat the "frogs"?
Baka! Ima (now) -ja dame (not)!	Baka!! Not now.!
Boku-tachi (we) suteki da yo!	We are wonderful!

8. GETTING (choudai/o-tori):

Note: "Choudai" is used in close or working relationships, instead of a very formal expression like " wo kudasai".	
Onegai (please) okane-wo (money) chou-dai (give).	Please give me money.
Dozo (please), okane-wo o-tori (take) kudasai (please).	Please, take this money.
Watashi-wa okane-wo tor-u (take).	I take this money.
Onegai, kippu-wo (ticket) chou-dai.	Please give me a ticket.
Dozo, kippu-wo o-tori kudasai.	Please take the ticket.
Watashi-wa kippu-wo tor-u (take).	I take the ticket.
Onegai sono mono-wo (thing) kudasai.	Please (give) me the thing.
Sono mono-wa doko-ni (where) arimasu (is) ka?	Where is the thing?

Watashi wa wakarimasen (know-not).	I do not know.	
Dozo (please) watashi-ni (to me) otoko-wo (man) kudasai!	Please, (give) me a man!	
Baka!!! Nan-te onna (woman) da!	Baka! What a woman!!	
Kanojo-wa (she) suteki-dayo!	She (is) wonderful!	

9. HAVING (motte-iru/ni-wa aru):

Watashi-wa kono (this) mono-wo (thing) motte-iru (have).	I have this thing.	
Watashi wa kono mono-wo motte-inai (have not).	I do not have this thing.	
Anata wa sono (that) mono-wo motte-iru.	You have that thing.	
Watashi-tachi (we) wa kono mono-wo motte-iru.	We have this thing.	
Kanojo (she) wa ano (that there) -mono-wo motte- iru.	She has that thing.	
Ojou-san, jikan-ga (time) aru-n (have) desu ga ne.	Miss, I have time!!	
Ala (Sir), o-kane-wo (money) o-mochi (have) desu ka?	Do you have money, Sir?	
Iie.	No.	
Mah Baka!	Oh. Baka!	
Onegai, Baka tte iwa-nai-de.	Please, do not say Baka!	

10. ORDERING (POLITELY) (douzo/

onegai/kudasai/arigato):

Onegai, sono mono-wo (thing) kudasai (please).	Please (give) me the thing.
Onegai, o-kane-wo (money) kudasai.	Please (give) me the money.

Onegai, o-mizu-wo (water) kudasai. Arigato.

Onegai, Furansu-de (France in) wa o-mizu-wo (water) noma-naide (drink not) kudasai. Wainn-wo (wine) meshi-agare (drink)!

Douzo, koko-ni kite (come) kudasai. Douzo, asoko-ni itte (qo) kudasai.

Douzo, kore-wo (this) nonde (drink) kudasai. Sore-wo (that) tabe-nai-de (eat not) kudasai!

Onegai, kore-wo watashi-ni (to me) kudasai. Onegai, sore-wo tora-nai-de (take not) kudasai.

Douzo kore-wo (this) itte (say) kudasai. Onegai, Baka tte iwa-(say) nai-de (not)!

Chi-kusho! Arigato. Anata wa ii-yatsu-dayo!

11. GREETING: POLITE AND SLANG

Yah Michele Yoh Paula. Ohayou, Miche. Please (give) me the water. Thank you.

Please, don't drink the water in France!!

(Please) Drink the wine!!

Please come here. Please go there.

Please drink this. Do not eat that, please!

Please (give) me this. Please do not take that.

Please say this. Please, do not say Baka!

Baka. Thank you. You are wonderful!

Hello Michel. Hello Paula. Good morning Miche. Ohayou goza-imasu, Sancos. (O) genki (desu ka), Eliza? Genki(desu)-yo arigato (gozaimasu), Khulu.

Umaku-itte-iru (going well), Xavier? OK arigato Miguel. Sayonara, Giles.

Bai-bai, Judith. Unn OK, Hollie Subarashi, Heidi!

OK, Sam? Unn ii-yo, Lucie. Sonna-ni waruku-nai-yo, Henri.

Genki, love? Zen-zen!! Nan-na-no! Kanojo wa ka-waii-yo!!

12. DESCRIBING (desu/nai/ari-masen):

Sore-wa ii (good),	It very good.	
Sore-wa yoku (good) - nai (not).	It is not good.	
Sore-wa dame-da (bad).	It is bad.	
Kore-wa hon (book) desu.	This is a book.	
Sore-wa o-okii (big) desu ka (question)?	Is it big?	

Good morning Sancos. How are you, Eliza? I am well, thank you, Khulu.

How goes it, Xavier? Ok, thank you Miguel. Goodbye Giles.

Bye bye Judith. Yes OK, Hollie. It is wonderful, Heidi!

OK Sam? Yes OK, Lucie. Not too bad, Henri.

Comfortable, darling? No!!! Baka!!! She is cute!

Sore-wa yasashii (easy) desu ka? Iie, sore-wa muzu-kashii (hard) desu.

Sono mizu-wa (water) daijo-bu (good) desu ka? Iie, Furansu (France) dewa (in) mizu-wa (water) yoku-(good) nai desu (is not)!

Yah Baka!!! Onegai Baka tte iwa-nai-de (not say)!

Boku-tachi (we) wa iket-eru? Baka‼ So (correct) - yo (is)!!

13. KNOWING (shi-tte-iru/waka-tte-iru):

Watashi kore (this) wo shi-tte-iru (know). I know this. Anata wa kore wo waka-tte-iru (know)? Do you know this? Unn, boku kore-wo waka-tte-iru. Yes, I know this. Anata wa sore-wo (that) waka-tte-iru. You know that. Anata wa sore wo waka-tte-iru (ka)? Do you know that? No, I do not know/understand Uun, boku wa sore-wo yoku waka-tte-inai (not). that (very well). Boku wa ano onna(-no-hito) (woman) wo shi-tte-iru I know that woman. (know). Watashi wa ano otoko (-no-hito) (man) wo shi-tte-I know that man. iru. He knows me. Kare wa watashi-wo (me) shi-tte-iru.

Not big, it is small.

Is it easy? No, it is hard.

Is the water good? No, the water is not good in France!!

Hello Baka!!! Please, do not say Baka!

Are we wonderful? Baka!! Yes!! Anata wa ano onna(-no-hito) (woman) wo shi-tte-iruDo you know that woman?(ka)?Iie. O-hayo, Ojou-san?No. Good morning Miss?O genki desu ka, Ojo-san?Are you well, Miss?Iie watashi wa genki (well) dewa ari-masen (not)!No, I am not well!!

Sayonara!!Goodbye!!!Anata wa kanojo-wo (her) shiranai no-ne!You do not know her!Baka!! Kanojo wa ii-yo!Baka!! She is wonderful!

14. NUMBERING

(ichi - hitotusu/ni-wa aru):

Watashi ni-wa mondai ga (problem) hito-tsu (1) aru (is).	I have one problem.
Sou, anata ni-wa (to you) mondai ga hito-tsu (1) aru.	Yes, you have a problem.
Iie, anata ni-wa futa-tsu (2) aru.	No, you have two.
Kare ni-wa (to him) mit-tsu (3) aru.	He has three.
Kanojo ni-wa yot-tsu (4) aru.	She has four.
Ware-ware (we) ni-wa (to us) itsu-tsu (5) aru.	We have five.
Anata ni-wa itsu-tsu (5) aru-no?	Do you have five?
Sou (right), ima (now) mondai-ga itsu-tsu (5) mo (emphasis) aru-nda!	Right now, I have five problems!!!
Kodomo (children) - shokun (all).	All the children!
Kodomo-tachi wa subara-shii-yo (wonderful)!	Kids are wonderful!

15. ASKING (ikura/doko/nan/dare):

Kono (this) hon (book) wa ikura (how much) desu ka?	How much is this book?
Go (5) doru (dollar) desu.	Five dollars.
Kono mono wa (thing) ikura desu ka?	How much is this thing?
Ikura?	How much?
Yon (4) doru desu.	Four dollars.
Sore wa doko (where) desu ka?	Where is it?
Sore wa soko (here) desu.	It is here.
Iie, sore wa soko (there) ni ari-masen (is not).	No, it is not there.
Suima-sen (pardon), toire wa (toilet) doko desu ka?	Pardon, where is the toilet?
Toire-wa acchi (there) desu.	The toilet (is over) there.
Sore-wa nan (what) desu ka?	What is that?
Sore-wa nan (what) desu ka? Shitsu-rei (pardon)? Nan desu ka?	What is that? Pardon? What?
Shitsu-rei (pardon)? Nan desu ka?	Pardon? What?
Shitsu-rei (pardon)? Nan desu ka? Sore.	Pardon? What? That.
Shitsu-rei (pardon)? Nan desu ka? Sore. Ah, kore wa yoi (good) hon (book) desu.	Pardon? What? That. Oh, it is a good book.
Shitsu-rei (pardon)? Nan desu ka? Sore. Ah, kore wa yoi (good) hon (book) desu. Anata wa nani-ga (what) hoshii (want) desu ka? Boku wa wain-ga (wine) hoshii-desu, yoro-shiku	Pardon? What? That. Oh, it is a good book. What do you want?

22

Ano (that) josei (woman) wa dare (who) desu ka? Boku wa shiri-masen.

Baka! Are-wa Madonna-da!!. Nan-te onna (woman) da! Kanojo wa sugee-ze! Baka!! It is Madonna! What a woman!

Who is that woman?

I do not know.

She is wonderful!

16. EVERYTHING - COLLOQUIALPOLITE AND SLANG:

Watashi wa koko.	I am here.
Anata wa soko.	You are there.
Watashi wa anata ga suki (like).	I like you.
Anata wa okane ga (money) suki.	You like the money.
Kare wa (he) kore wo (this) suru (does).	He does this.
Kanojo wa sore wo suru.	She does that.
Watashi wa sukoshi Nihongo-ga hanaseru (speak)	I (can) speak a little Japanese!
Anata wa Baka tte iccha-dame (not)!	You can not say Baka!
Watashi wa anata ga wakaru.	I understand you.
Anata wa watashi ga (me) waka-ranai.	You do not understand me.
Watashi wa ba-ni iki-tai (go-want).	I want to go to the bar.
Anata wa toile-ni iki-tai.	You want to go to the toilet.
Ojo-San, boku ni-wa jikan-ga (time) aru!	Miss, I have time!

Sen-Sei, o-kane (money) wo o-mochi (have) desu ka?	Sir, do you have money?
Onegai, Furansu-dewa o-mizu-wo (water) noma-nai (drink not) - de kudasai!!	Please, don't drink the water in France!!
Wain-wo non-de (drink) kudasai!!	Drink the wine!!
Ogenki, Eliza?	How are you, Eliza?
Genki (da) -yo arigato, Khulu.	I am well, thank you, Khulu.
Sore-wa ookii (big) desu-ka, Ojiisan/Oniisan?	Is it big, Sir?
Iie, sore-wa chiisai (small) desu-yo, Ojou-san.	No, it is small, Miss.
Anata wa sono (that) onna-wo (her) shi-rimasen!	You do not know that woman!
Chikusshoo!!	Darn!!
Kanojo suteki-nan-dayo!	Baka!! She is wonderful!
Sou ima, mondaiga itsu-tsu (5)-mo aru!	Yes now, I have five problems!!!
Kodomo-shokun (children)	All the children!
Sore-wa (that) nani (desu)?	What is that?
Gomen. Nani?	Pardon. What?
Hora, soko da.	Oh, there it is.
Waruku-nai-ne.	Not bad.
Chikushoo!!!	Darn!!
Ok?	OK?
Unn dai-joubu (cool).	Yes, it's cool!
Sou, kakko-ii (cool) desu-yo!	Yes, it's cool! (classt)

Ee, suteki (cool) desu.

Baka to wa iwa-nai-de!! Sore-wa yoku (cool) nai-yo!!

Watashi wa kore-wo (this) yara-naku-cha (must). Anata wa sore-wo (that) yara-naku-cha.

Subara-shii? So, kimi-wa (you) subara-shii yo! Jah sayonara! Yes, it's cool! (upper class)

Do not say Baka!!! It is not cool (upper class)!!!

I must do this. You must do that

Wonderful? Yes you are wonderful Bye bye, for now!

Speed reading - 14 minutes

17. CLOSING

Now of all the things ... your mind ... has been playing with ... to create new ... wave patterns ... in the natural language ... from ... here and there ... liking ... doing ... can ... understanding ... wanting ... getting ... having ... ordering... greeting ... describing ... knowing ... numbering ... asking ... and ... everything ... I wonder which things ... you will bring back ... to stay deep within you ... so easily available ... to you ... in that special "Indonesian place" ... in you mind ... as needs arise ... without conscious effort ...

Just naturally ... in your own way ... as part of you ... instinctively ... as that new part of you ... grows ... stronger and stronger ... you will begin to speak with a beautiful accent ... so easily ... reinforcing your learning ... with a gentle quiet confidence ... which will surprise you ... and such a beautiful accent ... of which you will be proud ... to fit the music of the natural language ... will surprise you even more ... and more ... as you repeat the CRE ... so that ... in every day ... in every way ... you get ... better and better ...

And now as you choose ... to do something ... that makes you feel so comfortable with yourself ... something you will feel more and more ... able to do ... so that you feel ... even more comfortable ... and confident ... naturally ... in your own way ... you can take whatever time you need ... just to process your thoughts ... in your own special way ... and to bring this experience to a comfortable close ... You will feel well ... and you will begin ... to feel confident ... about the future ... and about making progress ... in the natural language ... in your own natural way ... and you will find such joy ... in speaking so gently ... with growing confidence ... and experience ... which will add ... a new exciting quality to your life ... because ... with every new language you learn ... you do add a new quality to your life ... in that special ... "Indonesian Place " on your mind ...

And when you feel ... you are ready ... and you want to ... you can start the process of reorienting yourself ... bringing yourself back ... taking your time ... and when you are ready ... you can fully orient yourself ... and allow your eyes to open ... feeling well ...and happy ... because ... and you will begin to experience confidence ... more and more ... because ... from now ... in every day ... in every way ...you will ... be getting ... better and better ...

And as we end each CRE session ... 30 minutes has just flashed by ... to be repeated ... and enjoyed ... many times ... relaxed ... calm and confident ... of achieving a beautiful accent ... that becomes natural for you ... with learning that is efficient and effective ... so from now on ... be positive ... and with a positive expectation of success ... surprise yourself ... as you feel the continual support ... our Team ... in Bayonne, France on August 15, 2001 ... and of course ... as in all our things ... we do ... as ever ... wish you ... God Bless ...

18. NATURAL VOCABULARY:

(without accents)

a. Greetings/ Exclamations:

hello good morning how are you? thank you I am well yoh/konnichiwa o-hayo gozao-genki desu genki desu arigato ka? goza-imasu imasu goodbye no OK not too bad yes hai/unn/so iie/uun ii/OK waruku-nai sayonara "cool"!!! Stupid!! there it is! please sorry douzo/one-gai baka! soko ni arimasu suteki/iine/ sumi-masen/ kakko-ii gomen-nasai

b. Verbs:

to be	have	like	want	can
aru/da	(ni-wa) a-ru/ mo-tsu	suki	I-ru/-tai/ hoshii	deki-ru/ eru/ rareru
ari-masu/desu	motte imasu	suki-desu	ir-imasu	deki-masu
do	say/speak	go	come	give
su-ru/ya-ru	i-u/hana-su	I-ku	ku-ru	ageru
shi-masu	hanashi-masu	iki-masu	ki-masu	agemasu
take	eat	drink	sleep	know
toru	tabe-ru	nomu	nemu-ru	
shiru/kizuku/ wakaru				

tori-masu	tabe-masu	nomi-masu	nemu-rimasu	wakari-masu
understand	must do			
wakaru	yara-naku-cha			
wakari-masu				
c. Prepositions:				
some	۵	the	to	from
sukoshi	hito-tsu-no	sono/ano/kono	-ni,-notameni	kara
d. Pronouns:				
I	you	he	she	we
watashi	anata	kare	kanojo	watashi-tachi
boku				boku-tachi
this	that	Mr	Mrs	Miss.
kore	are	-San	-San	-San
Nouns:				
money	thing	man	woman	water
o-kane	mono	otoko-no-hito	onna-no-hito	mizu
car	ticket	book	Friend	time
kuruma	kippu	hon	tomodachi	ji-kan
f. Adjectives/ adverbs/Other:				
good	bad	big	small	now
yoku(adv.)/ daijoubu/ii	warui/heta	ookii	chiisai	ima

later	a little	wonderful!	happy	easy/difficult
nochi-hodo	sukoshi	sugoi subarashii	shiawase	kantan/ muzu-kashii
here/there				
koko/soko				
g. Interrogatives:				
how much?	where?	what?	who?	when?
ikura?	doko?	Nani/nan	dare?	itsu?
Note:	What is that?	Question?	Eat	Please eat!
	Kore wa nan desu ka?	ka?	Tabe-masu	Tabete kudasai!
	Want to eat	Not want to eat	Can eat	Can not eat
	Tabe-tai	Tabeta-kunai	Tabe-rareru	Tabe-rarenai
h. Numbers:				
one	two	three	four	five
ichi/hito-tsu	ni/futa-tsu	san/mit-tsu	shi/yot-tsu	go/itsu-tsu

WC (toire), pardon (gomen-nasai) always (itsumo) fast/slow (hayai/osoi) but (shikashi/demo) never (kesshite) please (douzo/kudasai/onegai) food (tabemono) train (densha) bus (basu) home (ie/uchi) work (shigoto) today (kyou) tomorrow (ashita) paper (kami) newspaper (shinbun) day (nichi) week (shuu) year (toshi) hour (jikan/ -ji)

minute (fun/pun) hamburger (hambaagaa) think (omou/kangaeru) read (yomu) write (kaku) laugh (warau) dance (odoru/dansu-suru,) stop (tomaru, yameru) policeman (kei-kan) six (roku) seven (shichi) eight (hachi) nine (kyu/ku) ten (juu) hundred (hyaku) thousand (sen) stupid (baka) see you later (ja-ato-de/dewa mata nochihodo)!

19. NATURAL FEEDBACK AND NEW IDEAS

(to drbobboland@hotmail.com)

1. HOW LONG DID YOU TAKE TO STUDY THE CRE?

2. WHAT WAS GOOD ABOUT IT?

3. WHAT WAS BAD ABOUT IT?

4. WHAT NEW IDEAS?

5. HOW CAN WE HELP YOU IN THE FUTURE?

20 - DAILY MINI PHRASE BOOK

(Good idea to type or write out your own copy. Speed reading - 4 minutes)

BASICS:	
Thank you.	Arigatou (goza-imasu)
Hello/welcome	Yoh/irassha-imase
Yes/no	Hai,un,sou/iie,uun
Please	Douzo/-kudasai/one-gai
Excuse me	Sumima-sen/gomen
Cheers	Ganbare (encouragement)/Kanpai (with drinks)
It was nothing	Dou-itashi-mashite/o-somatsu-sama
Just a moment	Chotto matte
Cool (really great)	ii-ne/sute-ki/kakko-ii
Everything is OK!	Subete/Zenbu daijou-bu (OK) desu
Good morning	O-hayou (goza-imasu)
Good-bye.	Sayou-nara
My name is	Watashi no (my) namae-wa (name) desu.
What is your name?	O-namae wo oshiete kudasai (politely – teach it to me)
How are you?	O-genk-i desu ka (question)?
Fine, thanks	Genki desu, arigato (goza-imasu)
And you?	Anata wa?
I'm from:	Watashi wa desu.
France	Furansu
England	Eikoku
America	Amerika

I am with:	Watashi wa ni Imasu.
UN	Koku-ren
Red Cross	Seki-Juuji
Nokia	Nokia
QUESTIONS:	
I must do this.	Watashi wa kore-wo (this) yara-naku-cha (do must).
When/how?	Itsu/dou-yatte?
What/why?	Nani/naze?
Who/which?	Dare/dochira?
Where is?	wa doko (where) desu ka (question)?
Where can I get?	wa doko de te-ni hairi-masu ka?
How much is that?	Sore wa ikura (how much) desu ka?
Help me please?	Watashi-wo tetsuda-tte help) kudasai (please)-masu ka?
What is the meaning of this?	Kore wa doyu-imi (meaning) desu ka?
UNDERSTANDING:	
I understand.	Watashi-wa waka-rimasu.
I don't understand.	Watashi-wa waka-rimasen (not).
Say that once more please.	Mou-ichi-do (once more) itte (say) kudasai (please).
Can you translate this please?	Sore wo yaku-shite (translate) kudasai- masu ka?
Could you let me have please?	wo kudasai (let me have) masu-ka?
Do you speak?	wo hanashi-masu (speak) ka?
English/Japanese	Eigo/Nihongo

I don't speak Japanese?	Nihongo-wo hanashi-masen (not).
I do speak a little Japanese.	Nihongo-wo sukoshi hanashi-masu.

COMMENTS:

It's:	(Sore-wa) desu
right/wrong	tadashii/machigai
big/small	ookii/chiisai
cheap/expensive	yasui/takai

good/bad	yoi/warui
hot/cold	atsui/tsumetai
near/far	chikai/tooi
OK!	daijou-bu/o-ke/- ii

FOOD:

I want:	Watashi-wa ga hoshii desu:
breakfast	asa-gohan
lunch	hiru-gohan
dinner.	ban-gohan

May I have some?:

bread/butter eggs meat/potatoes

apples/oranges coffee/tea milk Sukoshi (some) ... wo ita-dake (receive)-masu ka?

pan/bataa

tamago

niku/jagaimo,poteto

ringo/orenji kouhii/koucha

miruku

fruit juice/water	furuutsu juusu/mizu	
Can I have the bill.	O-kanjo (bill) wo o-negai-shimasu.	
Is there a mistake?	Machigai-ga (mistake) arimasu- ka?.	
We enjoyed it.	Tano-shi-katta desu.	
TRANSIT:		
Where is the?	wa doko (where) desu ka (question)?	
Where is the taxi?	Takushi wa doko desu ka?	
How much to go to?	made ikura (how much) desu ka?	
Take me to please.	ni tsurete-itte (take) kudasai (please).	
Stop here please.	Koko de (here) toma-tte (stop) kudasai.	
This road is not the right.	Kono michi (road) wa tadashi (right) ku-nai (not)	
Go straight ahead please.	Massugu (ahead) itte (go) kudasai.	
It is there:	(Sore wa) desu.	
left/right	hidari e/migi e	
next to/after	tonari ni/~wo sugite, ~no atode	
north/south	kita/minami	
east/west	higashi/nishi	
Where is the:	wa doko desu ka?:	
shopping centre	shoppingu sentaa	
pharmacy	kusuriya	
SHOPPING:		
Do you have?	wa ari- masu (have) ka?	
How much is this/that?	Kore/sore-wa ikura (how much) desu ka?	

I will take this.	Kore wo itadaki-masu (take/receive).
What colours have you?	Nan (what) iro (colours) ga ari-masu ka?
Black	kuro
Blue	٥٥
Red	aka
White	shiro
I want to buy :	kai-tai (buy want).
aspirin/soap	asupirin/sekken
apples	ringo
milk	miruku
film/newspaper	fuirumu/shinbun
TELEPHONE:	
Hello this is	Moshi moshi desu.
Please speak more:	Motto hanash-ite (speak) kudasai:
loudly	ookii koe de
slowly	yukkuri
I want to speak to	to o-hanashi-tai (speak want) desu ga
Mr.	San
Mrs.	San
When is he back?	Itsu (when) o-modori ni nari-masu ka?
Call me please.	Watashi-ni koe (voice)-wo kakete(give) kudasai.
TIME:	
Do you have the time?	O-jikan-ga (time) ari-masu ka?

What time is it?	Nan (what)-ji (time) desu ka?	
It is:	desu:	
five past one	ichi-ji (1) go-fun (5)	
quarter to three	san-ji (3) jugo-fun (quarter) mae (to)	
twenty past four	yo-ji (4) niju-ppun (20)	
half past six	roku-ji (6) han (half past)	
MEETINGS:		
When shall we meet:	Itsu (when) ai-mashou (meet) ka?	
today	kyou	
tomorrow	asu/ashita	
next week	rai-shuu	
in the morning	asa	
in the afternoon	gogo	
in the evening	ban	
tonight	kon-ban	
soon	sugu	
You are right/wrong.	Anata wa tadashii/machigatte-imasu.	
It is right.	Tadashii desu.	
LOCATIONS		
Here/there	Koko/asoko	
At the UN office	Kokuren ofisu de (at) UN	
Is it near/far?	Chikai/tooi desu ka?	

How many hours?

21. PLAY QUIZ

Test your instinctive Japanese now ... associate the phrases ... in mixed groups of four.

Ь. с.	I am well, thank you Excuse me Thank you. OK	Sumima-sen. Arigato (gozai-masu) Daijou-bu. Genki desu, arigato.
e.	You're here!	Yoh/Moshi moshi
f.	Good work	O genki desu ka?

f.	Good work	O genki desu ka?	
g.	Hello	Anata wa koko ni imasu.	
h.	How are you?	Gokuro-sama	

i.	Good morning!	Subarashii.
j.	Is the water good?	Nihongo-wo hanase-masen.
k.	I don't speak Japanese?	Sono mizu-wa daijou-bu desu ka?
Ι.	Wonderful!!	O-hayo goza-imasu.

Ueetaa.

Douzo/kudasai

Hai/unn/sou.

t.

u.

Χ.

n. Please

o. It is right.

q. How much is it?

r. Where is the toilet?

What time is it?

Help me please?

v. I do not understand.

w. What does this mean?

Please speak slowly

s. Where/when/why?

p. Waiter?

Doko/itsu/naze? Nan-ji desu ka? Kore wa ikura desu ka?

Sore wa tadashii-desu.

Toire wa doko desu ka?

Watashi-wa wakari-masen. Watashi-wo tetsuda-tte kudasai? Motto yukkuri hanashi-te kudasai. Kore wa dou-iu-imi desu ka?

y.Bye bye for now!!Subete daijoubu da (desu) yo,!!z.Everything is OK!!Jah sayonara!!

Answers: In the phrase books suggested ... or email the Team ...

APPENDIX A - ROUTINE FOR ACCENT IMPROVEMENT AND LONG TERM RE-INFORCEMENT - AFTER ONE MONTH

RELAX with ... a very POSITIVE attitude ... and a very confident EXPECTATION of SUCCESS ... in just one more week ... of PLAYING with the natural language ...

Our natural suggestions for this week are:

Day 1 - Do APS. Then play the LEARNING REINFORCEMENT. Study the Brief Grammar and Mini-Phrase Book to understand every word. Then SPEAK wth the tape and RECORD your efforts.

Day 2 - STUDY the text (Sections 2-16). Then SPEAK LOUDLY and then very SOFTLY with the tape. SPEED READING (2-16) in 14 minutes.

Day 3 - SPEAK in THEATRICAL style with the tape and text together. Do SPEED READING (2-16) in 12 minutes.

Day 4 - SPEAK with tape and text. For difficult words/phrases ... stop the tape ... and repeat the word/phrase many times ... singing and shouting!

Day 5 - STUDY again the Mini-phrase Book. Then do it as SPEED READING in 4 minutes. SPEAK with tape and text using three different voices ... just for fun!

Day 6 - SPEED READING (2-16) in 8 minutes. LISTEN to your recording from Day 1. Then SPEAK with the tape ... with a beautiful CONFIDENT accent.

Day 7 - SPEAK with the tape with fun and confidence. Email your feedback to drbobboland@hotmail.com.

APPENDIX B - ADDITIONAL VOCABULARY SELECTED TO MEET THE SPECIAL NEEDS OF EACH CLIENT ORGANIZATION (100 WORDS) Special Vocabulary for UNHCR

<u>English</u>	<u>Pashto</u>	<u>Dari</u>	<u>Japanese</u>
Airport	hawaa dagar	maydaan-e hawaa-i	kuukou
Army	pauz	fauj/ordu	gun
Asylum	panaah	pamaah	hinan/hogo
Border	pdlay	sarhadd	koku-kyou-chi
Camp	dd kaamp	kaamp-d	hinan kyampu
Children	muchouman	awladah	kodomo-tachi
Clothing	jama	poxaak	you-fuku
Cooking pot	chainaq	dd paxdy loxay/deg	loxay/deg
Cooperation	hamkari	pd gdda kaar kawdl	kyou-ryoku
Customs	gumruk	gumruj	kanzei
Delay	nawakta	dzandy	okure
Detention	ndzar-band	tawkif	
Development program	dd wadi prograam	prograam-d ynkyshaafi	kaihatsu-keikaku
Displaced persons	be-zaya shdwi xaldk	be-jaa shodygaan	nan-min/ryuu-min
Electricity	breshna	brexnaa	den-ryoku
Emergency	hajol	ber-dndy pexa	kinkyuu
Expulsion	shar-dl	kharej/z×raaj	taikyo/haijo
Family	koranay	hekraaj	kazoku
Government	hokumat	hokumat	seiji
Grandparents	padar kalan	padar wa maser kalan	sofu (m))/sobo (f)
Handicapped	saya	ma-yub	shougai-sha
Health	roghtyaa	seat/syhhat	kenkou

Hospital	roghtun	shafakhana	byou-in
House	kor	khana/kor	ie
HQ	mankaz	mankae	hon-bu
Human rights	dd bashar hakkuna	hokuk e bashar	jin-ken
Husband	mehra	shwahan	danna-san/shujin
Legal protection	kaanuni saatdna	hymayat e kano	houritsu-hogo
Malnutrition	bada ghdzaa	sou-e taghziya	eiyou-shicchou
Material assistance	maadi komak	komak-e mawadi	
Ministry	wdzaarat	wezarat	shou
Nutrition	ghdzaa	taghziya	eiyou
Pain - days/ weeks	dard worat	dard e ruz/hafta	kutsuu – nichi/shuu
Pain - months/ years	dard hafta	dard e mo/sol	kutsuu -
Pain - treatment	dard mehda	dard e ta-dow-wi	
Pain - arms/legs	dard bazou/paie	dard e dest/pal	ude/ashi
Pain - chest	dard sina	dard e sina	mune
Pain - ears/ eyes	dard gauche/ sterguee	dard e goch/cheshom	mimi/me
Pain - hands/ feet	dard daste/paie	dard e dest/pai	te/ashimoto
Pain - head/ neck	dard sav/gardan	dard e sar/ghardin	atama/kubi
Pain - stomach	dard mehda	dard e meda	onaka
Persecution	zawrawdi	aziyat	hakugai
Petrol	tel	petrol/tel	gasorin
Police-station	dd polis st-eshan	sar-mammuriyat-e-police	keisatsu-sho
President	mdshir	ra-is	daitou-ryou
Prison	bandy-khana	zyndan	keimu-sho
Province	ayaalat	wela-yate	chi-iki

Reception centre	dd melma paaldne	mahal e pazirahi/	uke-tsuke
Refugee	mohajer	panahenda	nan-min
Representative	astaazy	nema-yandghi	daihyou-sha
Rural	da kdll	?	inaka
Sanitation	hyfzu-syhna	hyfzu syhha	eisei
Shelter	rijdi	panaga	hinan-jo
Status	haysiyat	haysiyat	chi-i/jou-kyou
Tent	rijdi	gihejdi/khayma	tento
Torture	shekanja	shykanja	gou-mon
Town	khar	shahr	machi
Transportation	transport	transport	kou-tsuu
Travel Docs	sdd safar sanaduna	sdd safar sanaduna	ryokou-shiryou
Tribe	t-dbdr	kabila	buzoku
Truck	lan mot-dr/lari	motar-d laar/lari	torakku
Urban	dd khari	dd khari	tokai
Village	kday	karya	mura
Voluntary repatriation	pd rdzaa-sara	berta legal	ji-hatsu-teki-na hongoku-soukan
War	jagara	jangue	sensou
Water	aaba	aab	mizu
Wife	kaza	zawja/khanom	oku-san/tsuma

APPENDIX C - BRIEF GRAMMAR

1. Structure - subject (wa), object and verb:	
Watashi wa (I) KOKO NI (here) imasu (am).	I am HERE.
KODOMO wa koko ni imasu (is).	The CHILD is here.
Kodomo wa koko ni imasu KA (question)?	IS the child here?
2. Articles – humans and birds are counted differently!!:	
Hitori-no (one) kodomo koko ni imasu.	One child (is) here.
3. Nouns - plural ("tachi") & accusative ("wo"):	
Kodomo-TACHI koko ni imasu.	The child-REN are here.
YOI kodomo koko ni imasu.	The GOOD child is here.
Kare (he) wa KODOMO desu.	He is a CHILD.
4. Possession - connected with "no":	
Kare wa WATASHI-NO kodomo desu.	He is MY child.
5. Relative – with noun modification:	
Koko ni-iru kodomo.	The child WHO is here.
6. Demonstrative - this ("kono") and that ("sono"):	
KONO/SONO kodomo koko ni imasu.	THIS/THAT child is here.
7. Interrogatives - what ("nan"), who ("dare"), where ("doko") and how much:	
Kore wa NAN desu KA?	WHAT is this?
Sore (that) wa DARE desu KA?	WHO is that?
Kodomo wa DOKO desu KA?	WHERE is the child?
Hon wa IKURA desu KA?	HOW-MUCH is the book?

8. Imperatives - ordering ("-ite"):	
Kore wo SHI-TE (suru - to do)!	DO this!
Koko ni KI-TE (kuru - to come)!	COME here!
9. Negatives - not ("i-masen") and ("ja-nai" - comes from dewa nai - is not):	
Hai, watashi-wa hon wo MOTTE-IMASU.	Yes, I HAVE the book.
Iie, watashi-wa hon wo motte-IMASEN.	No, I do NOT have the book.
Simplified: Iie, hon (book) wo motte-I-NAI.	No, I do NOT have the book
0. To be, have and want to eat (tabe-ru) with ga inidicating "who" (I, you or he):	
Watashi /-wa desu/-ga motte imasu/-ga tabe- tai	I am/have/want to eat
Anata /-wa desu/-ga motte-imasu/-ga tabe- tai	You are/have/want to eat
Kare /-wa desu/ .ga motte-imasu/-ga tabe- tai	He is/has/wants to eat

APPENDIX D - BROCHURE CRE - CREATIVE RELAXATION EXERCISE THE NATURAL WAY TO PLAY WITH LANGUAGE AND A BEAUTIFUL ACCENT WITH A 30 MINUTE AUDIO TAPE IN ONE DAY

KEY CONCEPT: "WHEN you create new positive wave patterns in YOUR mind they give you the CONFIDENCE to RELAX and LEARN naturally without EFFORT"

Opportunity for AID WORKERS on short or long missions to other countries to feel more secure, comfortable and effective in achieving better working relationships in English, with local companies, governments, refugees, client and project staff, as they perceive the effort to speak the local language with a good accent, and thus to show clearly a deep respect for local values and culture.

Description: dynamic English-based brief language learning system developed initially with some UN staff, for aid workers in Afghanistan, and now available in: Dari, Pashto, Uzbek, Tajik, Turkmen, English, French, German, Spanish, Portuguese, Hindi, Urdu, Finnish, Arabic, Indonesian, Malay, Shona, Russian, Mandarin, Xhosa, Zulu, Cantonese, Zulu, Swedish, Swahili, Basque, etc. with other languages in process.

Designed for: mature motivated learners who need to achieve very rapidly, the personal confidence to speak and understand, basics of the local natural language. Designed also for current speakers who want to achieve significant accent improvement.

Course duration: one full six-hour day with a partner or small group, followed by daily brief individual revision, in the following week and one day reinforcement a month later.

Application: individual training or as a small part of any management training program to stimulate creativity, because: "Each language is an intellectual treasure-house of communication, culture and humanitarrian values" - Professor Kenneth Hale - linguistics expert of MIT who spoke 50 languages fluently and died October 8th 2001.

Method: uses CRE techniques to achieve relaxation and intuitive absorption of the natural language with confidence and without stress or effort. Designed to handle varying individual value systems and needs. CRE techniques, once acquired, can be easily used for any other languages or dialects. Uses IRT - the Instant Relaxation Technique to create the confidence to learn.

Further information: email: drbobboland@hotmail.com from Dr. Bob Boland MD, MPH (Johns Hopkins), DBA, ITP (Harvard Business School), Former visiting professor at: INSEAD, IMD, Cranfield, Columbia, GSB, Stellenbosch, WHO, ILO, WB, UNEP, UNIDO, AID, IRC, Peace Corps, Shell, Burma, Barlows, Baxter, Nokia etc.

APPENDIX E APS - LEARNING REINFORCEMENT AUTONOMIC PLAYBACK SYSTEM

1. Make a special 30 minute APS audio tape recording of ALL natural language material in this CRE that you want to absorb into your long term memory, as follows:

a. Speak with a gentle persuasive tone. This encourages perception and retention without effort.

b. Speak only for about 8 seconds ... pause for about 4 seconds continue for about 8 seconds ... pause 4 seconds etc. This gives your mind time to absorb easily without stress.

c. Add seven key learning points which were important to you! Thus provides "associations" in your mind for the new learning.

- 2. The NEXT DAY, relax and playing the tape (using ear-phones) while watching some interesting TV show WITHOUT audio e.g. a football match or other a sports event or a cartoon. Make NO EFFORT to listen to the tape. In fact, TELL yourself NOT to listen, but just to relax and gently give all attention to the TV show. Relax and let your mind absorb the data WITHOUT ANY CONSCIOUS EFFORT at all.
- 3. Play this once more..
- 4. Finally, on the FOLLOWING DAY, do IRT (relax), and playing the tape (with ear phones) while gently viewing and repeating the text material (hear, see, say and feel).
- 5. Adapt APS to your special needs and personality. Use it for any new material that you want to absorb without stress or effort. And please remember to email feedback and new creative ideas to our Team at: drbobboland@hotmail.com. So from now on - relax and remember!!

APPENDIX F - THE ONE HUNDRED MOST USED WORDS IN CONVERSATION

(Challenge: study ... and then check with a natural speaker)

1. A/an	2. After	3. Again	4. All	5. Almost
ICHI	-NO ATO	MOU ICHI DO	ZENBU/ SUBETE	HOTONDO
6. Also	7. Always	8. And	9. Because	10. Before
-MO	ITSUMO	-TO	-KARA	NO MAE NI
11. Big	12. But	13. I can	14. I come	15. Either/or
OOKII	SHIKASHI/ DEMO	DEKI-MASU	KIMASU	-KAKA
16. I find	17. First	18. For	19. Friend	20. From
MITSUKERU	HITOTSU- ME	-E / -NO TAME NI	TOMODACHI	KARA
21. I go	22. Good	23. Goodbye	24. Нарру	25. I have
IKIMASU	YOKU/II	SAYONARA	SHIAWASE	MOTTE IMASU
26. He	27. Hello	28. Here	29. How	30. I
KARE	YOH/ KONNICHIW A	KOKO	DOU (YATTE)	WATASHI
31. I am	32. If	33. In	34. I know	35. Last
DESU	MOSHI	-NO NAKA	SHIRU	SAIGO NO

36. I like	37. Little	38. I love	39. I make	40. Many
SUKI DESU	SUKOSHI	SUKI-DESU	SHI-MASU	TAKUSAN (NO)
41. Money	42. More	43. Most	44. Much	45. My
O-KANE	ΜΟΤΤΟ	HOTONDO	TAKUSAN	WATASHI NO-
46. New	47. No	48. Not	49. Now	50. Of
ATARASHII	IIE/UUN	DEWA NAI/ ARIMASEN	IMA	-NO
51. Often	52. On	53. One	54. Only	55. Or
YOKU	NO UE NI	ICHI	-DAKE	MATA WA/ KA
56. Other	57. Our	58. Out	59. Over	60 Baarla
HOKA NO	W.TACHI NO	SOTO	NO UE NI	60. People HITO-BITO
61. Place	62. Please	63. Same	64. I see	65. She
TOKORO	ONEGAI/ -KUDASAI	ONAJI	MIRU	KANOJO
66. So	67. Some	68. Sometimes	69. Still	70. Such
DAKARA	SUKOSHI	TOKIDOKI	MADA	-NO YOU (NA)
71. I tell	72. Thank you	73. That	74. The	75. Their
HANASU	ARIGATO	ANO/SONO	-	KARERA NO

76. Them	77. Then	78. There is	79. They	80. Thing
KARERA	SOSHITE/ SOREKARA	ARU	KARERA	MONO
81. I think	82. This	83. Time	84. To	85. Under
OMOU/ KANGAERU	KORE	JIKAN	-NI/-E	-NO SHITA NI
86. Up	87. Us	88. I use	89. Very	90. We
UE	WTACHI	TSUKAU	TOTEMO	W.TACHI
91. What	92. When	93. Where	94. Which	95. Who
NAN	ITSU	DOKO	DORE	DARE
96. Why	97. With	98. Yes	99. You	100. Your
NAZE	-TO	HAI	ANATA	ANATA NO