CREATIVE RELAXATION EXERCISE - CRE

THE NATURAL WAY TO PLAY WITH LANGUAGE AND A BEAUTIFUL ACCENT WITH A 30 MINUTE AUDIO TAPE IN ONE DAY

KEY CONCEPT: "WHEN you create new POSITIVE wave patterns in YOUR mind, they give you the CONFIDENCE to RELAX and LEARN naturally without EFFORT... KOB-KOON!

CRE No. 403 - THAI FROM ENGLISH Version 2 - ... with some errors ... June 2003

Note:

Appendix A - is the routine for long term reinforcement after one month, which can also be used by experienced speakers for the chronic problem of accent. Books: Crosslines - Afghanistan Essential Field Guides to Humanitarian and Conflict Zones - deterioration. Books to buy: Lonely Planet South-East Asia Phrase on the web. Assimil language books.

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DEDICATION

This program is dedicated to the memory of Professor Kenneth Hale, the eminent linguist of MIT who died on October 8th 2001.

He spoke about 50 languages fluently and regarded each language as an intellectual treasure-house of communication, culture and humanitarian values.

He suggested ... that 30 minutes of a new language ... should be enough to start to make one-self understood ... and then ... the best way ... to progress ... was to speak ... confidently ... more and more ... with natural speakers of the language ...

In Thai language, there are some words always used at the end of the sentences as the politeness (like " sir " in English language) :- those are "<u>ka</u>" (speaker female) and "<u>karb</u>" (male). And "I" can be "chan" (general) or "di-chan" (f) or " pom" (m).

So on we go ... for one whole day ... with a partner or small group ... speaking and speaking ... and moving ... face, hands and body language to reinforce your communication ... and ending with ... almost instinctive ... easy inter-active conversation ... in the natural language ... and if you are lucky enough to find ... ANY natural speaker for the day ... to be a partner ... or just part of the small group ... that would be just great ...

Thank you. Kob-Koon

Hello Sawasdee

Yes/no Chai/ mai-chai, plao

Please Kar-ru-na, chouy

Excuse me Kor-thot

Everything is OK! Took-yarng-tok-longe!

Good morning Sawasdee

Good night Rar-tree- sar-was

What is your name? Koon cheu ah-rai ka/karb?

My name is ... Pom cheu (m), Di-chan cheu (f)

How are you? Sabaai-dee reu ka/karb. Kob-Koon

Where do you come from? Koon ma jark nai ka/karb?

I want (f) Di-chan tong-karn...

I want (m) Pom tong-karn ...

.. so now ... start chatting ... with everybody

1 0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 STRUCTURE

This program gives you practice in understanding the structure of the language almost instinctively, as for each difficult phrase, English words are inserted. There is a also a Mini Phrase-book, a Brief Note on Grammar and a list of the 100 "most used" words in conversation and a simplified explanation of the "key tones".

1.2 MEMORY

A simple technique for the memory of difficult sounds is to make up a ridiculous English phrase as a memory "trigger", for example:

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Yes ... chai ... say ...

... yes ... I would like to drink my chai now ... chai

Goodbye ... sawasdee ... say ...

... goodbye ... bye bye, so was the day ... sawasdee

I want ... pom tong karn... say ...

... I like ... want a pong tong car? ... pom tong karn

or email drbobboland@hotmail.com for our CRE 33 MemoryAlert.
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1.3 PRACTICE.

Learn very rapidly the list of "most used 100 words" and each day, take one page of the mini-phrase-book, to make 10 minutes of Thai conversation with a natural speaker or aloud with yourself. Then make a friend of a Thai Phrasebook where the sounds are the same but the spelling may be a little different.

INSTANT RELAXATION TECHNIQUE

- 1. This is a simple IRT exercise, to give you confidence to learn naturally. When you don't believe you can learn ... you won't learn! ... When you are tense, anxious and stressed ... you won't learn! When you have no confidence ... you won't learn. But with relaxation, your mind and body become clear, confident and ready to learn. So do the IRT exercise now ... and again before every CRE session. It takes only three minutes, and with practice, it becomes a powerful tool for you. The only "equipment" you need is an "open mind" and a marble (or similar small object) in your "right" (major) hand.
- 2. So, get into that comfortable position, in which you know ... you really can relax. Be aware that marble gets warm as it absorbs heat from contact with your right hand. Open you hand and allow the warmth to evaporate. Close the hand again, and recognize the marble ... as a physical external symbol ... of the internal function of your mind and body. Allow it to receive and evaporate not just heat ... but emotion, anxiety and stress ... leaving you free, relaxed, confident and ready to learn to speak and understand the natural language without effort
- 3. Now, relax with the hands on the lap, and fix your eyes on the marble as you repeat aloud ... the following sentence ... four times, feeling free to change the wording a little ... to fit your style ... four times ... aloud ... in all:
 - "I AM, I CAN, I WILL, I BELIEVE ... I WILL LEARN ... AND HELP OTHERS TO LEARN ... TO SPEAK AND ENJOY ... THE NEW NATURAL LANGUAGE ... WITH A BEAUTIFUL ACCENT ... NATURALLY ... RAPIDLY ... EASILY ... WITHOUT EFFORT"

- 4. With the eyes fixed on the marble ... or closed if you wish ... start to take three slow and very deep breaths ... and be sure to pause ... on each inhalation ... and imagine ... each exhalation ... as transferring all the anxiety and stress ... from your mind and body ... through to the marble in your hand.
- 5. After the third breath, let your whole mind and body relax completely for two minutes ... thinking ONLY of your breathing ... nothing else ... no self-talk at all ... just concentrate on the BREATHING ... very important, counting down from 20 to 1.
- 6. Then bring yourself back, by simply counting up from 1 to 5, feeling well, relaxed, confident and ready to learn. The marble is now your very personal symbol ... of your confidence to learn and speak the natural language with a beautiful accent.

Note: This simple CRE "Instant Relaxation Technique" can be used anywhere (eyes open or closed) to achieve a calm mind ... without anger, anxiety or stress ... ready and confident to learn .. or deal with any new problem ... that you have to face. Keep the marble always to hand, as a symbol ... of your confidence ... to feel comfortable ... in the new natural language ... and to speak almost instinctively ... without stress or effort ...

SIMPLE THROAT EXERCISE - 16 KEY WORDS

(Repeat EACH THAI word many times slowly ... and then at VERY high speed)

Thank you Kob-koon KOB KOON

Hello Sawasdee SAR-WAT - DEE

Mr. Naai NAA-EE

Mrs. Nang NANNG

Yes Chai CH-IGH

No Mai-chai MY-CHY

Good Dee DEE

Please Kar-ru-na KAARR-ROO-NAR

Do you have any? Koon mii ... mai? KOON - MEE ... MY

Goodbye Sawasdee SAR-WAT-DEE

Who? Krai? CRY

What? Ah-rai? AH-RYE

I want Chan tong-karn CHAN TONG-KARN

Where? Thee-nai? TEE-NY

OK! Tok-longe! TOOK-LONGRR

Note: For simplicity ... the program is mostly typed without accents!

SIMPLIFIED TONES AND SOUNDS

KEY EXERCISE: LISTEN AND REPEAT

(TO BE INSERTED FOR THAI TONES)

TONES	SOUNDS
1.	HIGH HIGH
2.	HIGH RISING
3.	HIGH HIGHER
4.	LOW DESCENDING
5.	LOW ABRUPT!!

NATURAL SUGGESTIONS

Plan to do the whole CRE in one 6 hour CRE day, with a partner or a small group. A natural speaker (if available) would be most welcome as a partner or group member. On the day before, as pre-learning (alone), play the 30 minute tape, just before sleeping, speaking all the time, completely relaxed making no conscious effort to learn anything.

After the one full day of CRE, plan revision during your NORMAL ROUTINE in the following week, for just an hour a day. Feel free to do it in any way ... that YOU know ... will suit YOU best ... and will allow you ... both to speak AND to understand ... what is spoken to you ... so relax completely ... and ABSORB ... both consciously and sub-consciously ... the very carefully selected ... 30 minute audio tape ... of new natural language ... which becomes part of you ... intuitively ... instinctively ... without effort ... as you relax with IRT and establish a very POSITIVE attitude ... and a confident EXPECTATION of SUCCESS ... just from PLAYING ... with the natural language ... Our suggested schedule for the 6 hour CRE day (with breaks as needed) is:

- 1 Do IRT. Do the Throat exercise 17 key words
 Play the tape (30 minutes) with the text (hear, see, speak, MOVE, and feel) ... make it fun! Review the Glossary (2 pages).
- 2 Repeat the text (Sections 2-4) to understand every word!
 Play the tape with the text SPEAKING VERY LOUDLY STOP THE TAPE
 AND SING OR SHOUT ANY VERY DIFFICULT PHRASES.
 Do SPEED READING (2-16) in 14 minutes (recorded if possible- for fun!).
 Review the Grammar (1 page) and the Glossary.
- 3 Repeat the text (Sections 5-10) to understand every word!

 Play the tape WITHOUT the text, SPEAKING IN VERY DRAMATIC style.

Repeat the Throat exercise.

Begin to create simple conversation with the Mini-phrase book (Hello etc.).

- 4 Repeat the text (Sections 11-16) to understand every word!

 Play the tape with the text, SPEAKING SOFTLY with a good accent.

 Do SPEED READING (Sections 2-16) and Mini-phrase Book.
- 5 Play the tape WITHOUT the text, speaking with three different voices just for fun!

 Create conversation with the Mini-phrase book.

 Do SPEED READING (2-16).
- 6- Play the tape SPEAKING with a beautiful CONFIDENT accent.
 Do the quiz (1 page). Create conversation with mini phrase book.
 Do SPEED READING (2-16) and Mini-phrase book 14 minutes.
 Do APS and plan for review next week, helping partners as needed.

NATURAL SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Generally:

- 1. REINFORCE the learning in the CAR/TRUCK at any time ... make it an amusing THEATRE of one ... YOU!!! ... by playing and acting out ... ONLY Sections 2 16. DO NOT play the relaxation sections in the car ... skip them please! Play the Learning Reinforcement side of the tape as needed for encouragement, be sure to blame your strategy, and not yourself!!
- 2. RECOGNIZE that a TERRIBLE accent is PAINFUL ... for the hearer ... and so strive always for a beautiful accent in EVERY WORD.
- 3. Be POSITIVE and NEVER apologise for your language ... you are making the effort to learn the LANGUAGE ... and the HUMAN VALUES ... an thus the CULTURE ... of the people you speak with ... and THEY will appreciate MORE than you can EVEN imagine!! If they reply to you in ENGLISH ... then YOU just CONTINUE to speak in the NATURAL new language ... and they will too ...
- 4. LISTEN very carefully to what PEOPLE say to YOU ... and BEFORE replying ... REPEAT in YOUR MIND ... EXACTLY what they said this gives you excellent PRACTICE in recognising good STRUCTURE.
- 5. HESITATE before you SPEAK ... and then speak FREELY and CONFIDENTLY ... without long pauses and ... WITHOUT ... "Urrs and Umms" which are so ANNOYING and BORING ... for the listener ...
- 6. When you do not know a necessary word ... do NOT hesitate ... simply USE the ENGLISH word ... in the sentence ... the hearer will almost certainly give you the translation ... and you can repeat it ... three times to get it right ... without embarrassment. Use the LEARNING REINFORCMENT as needed but not in the car!
- 7. Use SIMPLE SHORT sentences and be CONFIDENT as you begin to talk to people ... expect SUCCESS ... and you will NOT be disappointed ... and try just one MORE new thing ... just for fun in this one week ...drink one litre of WATER EVERY DAY ... it rinses mind and body and has a REMARKABLE preventive/curative therapeutic effect ... to support new learning ... on we go together.

1. GENTLE RELAXATION ...

And now ... I'd like you to arrange yourself ... in a position that is so comfortable ... and natural ... for you ... so that you can sit ... or lie ... for a while ... easily and effortlessly ... and where you can be comfortable ... and yet still remain alert enough ... to focus on the meaningful ... natural language learning ... that we will do together ... natural language ... gentle ... quiet ... peaceful ... and instinctive ... without any effort ... as you absorb its deepest meaning ... interpretation ... and value ... in terms of very personal expectations.

And then when you are ready ... to focus yourself ... you can begin by taking a few deep relaxing breaths ... breathing slowly ... and feeling the rise of your chest ... as you gradually inhale ... feeling that each breath in ... and out ... relaxes you ... calms you ... and re-acquaints you ... with deeper parts of yourself that you are sometimes too busy to notice.

You know ... and I know ... it's very easy ... to get caught up in day to day living ... there is so much to do ... and now is your time ... and I would like you to allow your eyes to close ... as you start to build ... an internal focus ... within yourself ... on those parts of yourself... that will absorb the natural language ... gently ... peacefully ... and instinctively ... almost automatically ... as you ... let yourself go ... relax ... without conscious effort ... because you have nothing ... to do ... now ... except relax ..

And as we go on together ... repeating the phrases ... in the natural language ... with your whole body involved ... moving hands and face ... feelings and body ... to express ... and absorb the words and phrases ... as they will come ... instinctively ... to your mind ... as you speak softly ... with a beautiful accent ... yes ... with a beautiful accent ... which will please and surprise you... as its fits the music ... of the natural language

So on we go together ... speaking all the time ... and moving hands, face feelings and body ... to express ourselves ... in the new natural language (no English please) ... as you create new wave patterns ... in that special... "Thai place" ... in your mind.

2. HERE AND THERE:

I am (in a place) here (f). Chan (Di-chan, Pom) yuu thee-nee

I am (in a place) here (m). Pom yuu thee-nee

Note:

In the program we use for "I" both "dichan" (female) and "pom" (male) -

freely ... for practice!

You are there. Koon you thee-nant

Are you there? Koon you thee-nant chai-mai?

Yes, you are there. Chai, koon you thee-nant

Are you here? Koon yuu thee -nee chai-mai?

No, you are not here. Mai-chai, koon mai dai yuu thee-nee

It is here. Mun yuu thee-nee

Where is it? Mun yuu thee-nai?

It is here. Mun you thee-nee

Is it there? Mun yuu thee-nant chai-mai?

I do not know. Pom mai zarp

Where is Miguel? Miguel yuu nai?

He is not here. Khao mai dai yuu thee-nee

Where is he? Khao yuu thee-nai?

I do not know. Di-chan mai zarp

Oh-dear!! There he is! (Nan-ngai) khao yuu thee-nant!

He is clever! Khao cha-lard-jung!

3. LIKING:

I like you.

Do you like me?

Yes, I like you.

Do you like money?

Yes, I like the money.

I like water.

You like water.

I like to read books.

He likes the car.

She does not like the car.

Do you like the dinner?

No. I do not like the meal.

Oh-dear!!! Mate!

Please, do not say Mate!

I do.

I do this.

4. DOING:

You do.

You do that.

We do that.

We are very happy.

Di-chan chob koon

Koon chob pom mai?

Chai, Di-chan chob koon

Koon chob nguen mai? (impolite

question!)

Chai, Di-chan chob nguen

Di-chan, chob narm

Koon chop narm

Di-chan chob aund nang-seu

Khao chob rot

Ther (polite) mai chob rot

Koon chob ah-harn meu-yen (dinner)

mai?

Mai, Pom mai chob ah-harn nee

Oh! Pruen

Kar-ru-na yar pood laey, (puern)!

Pom tham

Pom tham sing-nee

Koon tham

Koon tham sing-nant

Rau tham sing-nant

Rau mee kwarm-sook mark

Is that very easy or not?

Yes, that is not difficult.

You do that (question)?

Please, do that!!!

Nant ngai mark chai-mai?

Chai, nant mai yak luey

Koon tham sing-nant chai-mai?

Kar-ru-na chuoy tham sing-nant noi

ka/karb

Oh-dear!!!!!

It is clever!

Oh!

Keng-jung! or Cha-lard-jung!

5. CAN/ABLE TO DO:

I can do

Can you do it?

Yes, I can do it.

Can you do this?

Yes, I can do that.

Di-chan tham dai

Koon tham dai mai?

Chai, Di-chan tham dai

Koon tham sing-nee dai mai?

Chai, Di-chan tham sing-nant dai

I can eat a little.

I can drink a little.

I want to go.

Can I come?

I can sleep.

Pom tarn dai lec-noy

Pom deurm dai lec-noy

Pom yark pai

Pom pai dai mai?

Pom norn-lub dai

You can speak.

Can you speak?

Yes, I can.

Can you do this?

No. I can not do that.

Koon pood dai

Koon pood dai mai?

Chai, Di-chan tham dai

Koon tham sing-nee dai mai?

Mai, Di-chan tham sing-nant mai dai

You (can) understand?

(Can) you understand?

Koon kount-jai chai-mai?

Koon kount-jai mai?

You understand?

Yes, a little.

Koon kount-jai na?

Chai, kount-jai nid-noi/lec-noy

Can you say Mate?

Yes, I can speak a little Thai.

Oh-dear!!! I am clever!

Koon pood dai mai?

Chai, Di-chan pood Thai dai lec-noy

Oh! Di-chan keng-jung!

6. UNDERSTANDING:

I understand.

I do not understand.

You understand.

You do not understand.

Pom kount-jai

Pom mai kount-jai

Koon kount-jai

Koon mai kount-jai

Do you understand women?

No. No. I do not understand them!!

Koon kount-jai pu-ying mai?

Mai, mai , Pom mai kount-jai pouke-

ther (khao) laey.

Oh. Oh-dear!!! Mate!

Please, do not say Mate!

You are clever!

Oh, puern!

Kar-ru-na yar pood laey, puern!

Koon keng-jung! or Koon cha-rard-

jung!

7. WANTING:

I want.

I want to eat a little.

I want to drink the water.

I want to go to the toilet!!!

Do you want to eat a little?

Di-chan tong-karn

Di-chan yark tarn sak nid-noi

Di-chan yark deurm narm

Di-chan yark pai hong-narm

Koon yark tarn sak nid-noi mai?

No, , I do not want to eat.

Mai ka, Di-chan yang mai yark tarn , Kob-koon

Oh-dear!!! I want to give you a bit.

(Oh!), Di-chan yark hai koon sak

nid-noi

No thank you.

Mai ka, Kob-koon (f) or Mai karb,

Kob-koon (m)

I want to come.

Di-chan yark ma.

Do you want to stay with me?

Koon yark ma puck kub Chan(Di-

chan, Pom) mai?

No, I do not want to sleep.

Mguel do you want to eat the "frogs"?

Oh-dear!!! Not now, thank you!

We are clever!

Mai, Di-chan yang mai yark norn

Miguel yark tarn kob mai?

Oh! Mai-chai deawe-nee, Kob-koon

Rau keng jung! or Rau cha-lard-jung!

8. GETTING:

Please give me money.

Take this money.

I take this money.

Kar-ru-na hai nguen di-chan noi ka.

Au nguen nee pai

Pom au nguen nee ma

Please give me a ticket.

Kar-ru-na hai tua kub Chan(di-

chan, Pom) bai nueng

Take this ticket.

I take the ticket.

Au tua nee pai

Pom au tua nee ma

Please give me the thing.

Kar-ru-na hai khong Chan (di-chan,

Pom) noi

Where is the thing?

Khong yuu nai?

I do not know.

Pom mai zarp

Give me a man!!!

Oh-dear!! What a woman!!

Oh! Pu-ying ah-rai yang nee!

She is clever!

Ther keng-jung! or Ther cha-lard-jung!

9. HAVING:

I have one thing.

Pom mee khong yang nueng

I do not have one thing.

Pom mai mee khong sak yang

You have one thing.

Koon mee khong yang nueng

We have one thing.

Rau mee khong yang nueng

She has one thing. Ther mee khong yang nueng

I have a little time, Miss!! Pom mee velar nid-noi na

But, do you have a little money, Sir? Tae koon mee nguen sak nid-noi mai

ka(f)/karb(m)?

No. Mai-mee

Oh. Oh-dear! Oh!

Please, do not say Mate! Kar-ru-na yar pood laey puern!

10. ORDERING (POLITELY):

Please give me the thing Kar-ru-na hai khong Chan(di-

chan, Pom) noi

Please give me the money. Kar-ru-na hai nguen Chan(di-

chan, Pom) noi

Please give me the water.

Chan(di-chan, Pom) khor narm noi

ka(f)/karb(m)

Thank you. Kob-koon ka (f) or Kob-koon karb

(m)

Please, don't drink the water in France!! Kar-ru-na yar deurm narm nai pha-

rang-sed!!

Drink the wine!!

(Chong) Deurm wine !!

Please come here.

Kar-ru-na ma thee-nee

Please go there.

Kar-ru-na pai thee-nant

Please drink this.

Kar-ru-na deurm nee

Do not eat that!

Yar tarn sing nant

Please give me this.

Chan (di-chan, Pom) ja ua khong sing

nee ka(f)/karb(m)

Please do not take that.

Kar-ru-na yar au sing-nant pai

Please say this.

Kar-ru-na pood yang-nee

Please, do not say Mate!

Kar-ru-na yar pood laey puern!

Oh-dear!!! Thank you. You are clever!

Oh!!! Kob-koon ka(f)/ karb (m), koon

keng-jung!

11. GREETING: POLITE AND SLANG

Hello Krachal.

Sawasdee ka(f) Krachal.

Hello Paula.

Sawasdee ka(f) Paula

Good morning Miche.

Sawasdee ka(f) Miche

Good morning Sancos.

Sawasdee karb (m), Sancos

How are you, Eliza?

Sabaai-dee reu (koon) Elizabeth?

I am well, thank you, Khulu.

Di-chan sabaai-dee, kob-koon ka

(koon) Khulu

I am well, thank you, Khulu.

Pom sabaai-dee, kob-koon karb

(koon) Khulu

How goes it, Xavier?

Pen yang-ngai bange, Xavier?
Riab-roy dee, kob-koon Miguel

Ok, thank you Miguel.

Note: Normally, "OK" = "Tok-longe" used when the agreement is made. But for "OK" wish is meant = Fine (from the upper sentence- OK, thank you) It should be "Raib-roy" that means smooth, no problem. And "Dee" means good.

Goodbye Giles.

Sawasdee karb(m), Giles

Bye bye Judith. (walk slowly/carefully)

Bye--bye ka(f) Judith duern dee-

dee na ra-wang tau douy.

Yes OK, Hollie.

Ka tok-longe, Hollie

It is clever, Heidi!

Dee jung! Heidi or Keng jung! Heidi!

OK Sam?

Tok-longe mai Sam?

Yes OK, Lucie.

Ka(f)/Karb(m) tok-longe, Lucie

Not too bad, Henri.

Mai laew nuck, Henri

Are you comfortable, darling?

Sabaai-dee mai ja, thee-rak?

Note; "Ja" in this sentence has the same meaning and usage as ka(f)/karb(m), but "Ja" is used by the elder to the young and only by the husband-wife (to express the love and care feeling)

No!!!

Mai ka(f)/karb(m)!!!

Oh-dear!!! She is clever!

Oh! ther keng-jung! or Oh! ther

cha-lard-jung!

12. DESCRIBING:

It is very good.

It is not good.

It is bad.

Mun dee mark

Mun mai dee

Mun mai dee or Mun laew

This is a book.

Is it big? Big or not?

Not big, it is small.

Is it easy?

No, it is hard.

Nee keu nang-sue

Mun yai mai?

Mai yai, mun lec

Mun ngai mai?

Mai laey, mun yak

Is the water good?

mai?

Narm dee mai? or Narm deurm dai

No, the water is not good in France!!

Mai, narm nai pha-rang-sed

dee

Oh Mate!!!

Please, do not say Mate!

Oh! Puern!

Kar-ru-na yar pood laey puern!

Are we clever?!

Oh-dear!!! Yes!!

Rau keng mai?

Chai, keng!

13. KNOWING (THINGS & PEOPLE):

I know this job (must specify what...).

Do you know this thing?

Yes, I know this thing.

You know that thing.

Chan (Di-chan, Pom) rue-jak ngan nee

Koon rue-jak sing-nee mai?

Chai, Pom rue-jak sing-nee

Koon rue-jak sing-nee

Do you know that job?

No, I do not know that job.

I know that woman.

Koon rue-jak sing-nant mai?

Mai, Pom mai rue-jak ngan nant

Pom rue-jak pu-ying kon nant

I know the man.

He knows me.

Pom rue-jak pu-chaai kon nant Khao rue-jak Chan(Di-chan, Pom)

Do you know that woman?

No. Good morning Miss?

Koon rue-jak pu-ying kon nant mai?

Mai, Sawasdee ka(f)/karb(m) koon

(pu-ying)

Are you well, Miss?

No, I am not well!! Goodbye!!!

Koon sabaai-dee reu ka(f)/karb(m)?

Mai ka , Di-chan mai koi sabaai

nuck, sawasdee

You do not know her!

Koon mai rue-jak ther!

Oh-dear!!! She is clever!

Oh! Ther cha-lard-jung!

14. NUMBERING:

I have one problem.

Yes, you have a problem.

No, you have two (of them).

Di-chan mee pan-har (problem) yang

nueng

Chai, koon mee pan-har yang nueng

Mai-chai, koon mee pan-har song

yang

He has three.

She has four.

We have five.

Do you have five?

Khao mee sarm yang

Ther mee see yang

Rau mee ha yang

Koon mee ha yang reu?

Yes now, I have five problems!!

All the children!

Kids are wonderful!

Chai, Di-chan mee pan-har ha yang!

Dek-dek tang-mod!

Dek-dek pen sing ma-has-sar-jun!!

15. ASKING:

How much is this book?

Five dollars.

How much is this thing?

How much?

Four dollars.

Where is it?

It is here.

No, it is not there.

Where is the toilet, please?

The toilet (is over) there.

What is that?

Pardon? What?

That.

Oh, it is a good book.

What do you want?

I want the wine, please.

I want the wine, please.

Who is here?

We are here.

Who is that woman?

I do not know.

Oh-dear!!! It is Madonna!

Nang-seu nee ra-kha tau-rai?

Ha dollars <u>or</u> Ha rein

Khong sing nee ra-kha tau-rai?

Tau-rai ka (f)? or Tau-rai karb(m)?

See dollars or See rein

Mun yuu thee-nai?

Mun yuu thee-nee

Mai, mun mai dai yuu thee-nant

Hong-narm yuu thee-nai ka(f)/

karb(m)?

Hong-narm yuu thee-nant

Mun keu ah-rai?

Kor-thot ka(f)/karb(m)? Ah-rai

ka(f)/karb(m)?

Nant

Oh! Mun pen nang-seu thee dee

Koon tong-karn ah-rai ka(f)/karb(m)?

Pom yark dai wine

Pom tong-karn wine

Krai yuu thee-nee?

Rau yuu thee-nee

Pu-ying kon nant pen krai?

Di-chan mai zarp

Oh! Nant-ngai Madonna!

What a woman! She is clever!

Pu-ying ah-rai yang-nee, ther keng-jung!

16. EVERYTHING - COLLOQUIAL - POLITE AND SLANG:

I am here.

Di-chan yuu thee-nee

You are there.

Koon yuu thee-nant

I like you.

Pom chob koon

You like the money.

Koon chob nguen

He does this job.

Khao tham ngan nee

She does that.

Ther tham sing-nant

I can speak a little Thai!

Di-chan pood Thai dai nid-noi

I can speak a little Thai!

Pom pood Thai dai lec-noy

You cannot say Mate!

Koon pood yang-nant mai dai na

puern!

I understand you.

Di-chan kount-jai koon

You do not understand me.

Koon mai kount-jai Chan(Di-chan, Pom)

I want to go to the bar.

Pom yark pai thee bar

I want to go to the bar.

Di-chan tong-karn pai thee bar

You want to go to the toilet.

Koon yark pai hong-narm

I have a lot of time. Miss!

Pom mee velar mark na koon

But, do you have a little money, Sir?

Tae koon mee nguen sak nid-noi mai

ka(f)/karb(m)?

No.

Mai-mee

Oh. Oh-dear! Oh!

Please, do not say Mate! Kar-ru-na yar pood laey puern!

Please, don't drink the water in France!! Kar-ru-na yar duerm narm nai

pha-rang-sed!!

Drink the wine!! (Chong) duerm wine (dee-kwa)!!

How are you, Eliza? Sabaai-dee reu ka(f)/karb(m), (koon)

Elizabeth?

I am well, thank you, Khulu. Di-chan sabaai-dee ka, Khulu. Kob-

koon.

I am well, thank you, Khulu. Pom sabaai-dee karb, khulu. Kob-

koon

Is it big? Mun yai mai?

No, it is small. Mai, mun lec

You do not know that woman. Koon mai rue-jak pu-ying kon nant

Oh-dear!!! She is clever! Oh! Ther cha-lard-jung!

Note: "Keng" is used when you can do some difficult thing, but "chalard" is used when you know how to do something. Upon the occasion!
"Keng" is more often used and more polite.

Yes now, I have five problems!!! Chai, khana-nee ,Pom mee pan-har

ha yang!!!

Children are wonderful! Dek-dek pen sing ma-has-sar-jun!!

What is that? Nant kreu ah-rai? or Nant ah-rai?

Pardon, What?

Kor-thot ka(f)/karb(m) ah-rai ka(f)/

karb(m)?

There it is.

Mun yuu thee-nant

Not bad.

Mai laew or Mai laew nuck or Mai

laew rork

Oh-dear!!!

Oh!

OK?

Tok-longe mai?

Yes, it's cool!

Chai, mun yen!

Yes, it's cool! (classy)

Chai, mun yen jung!

Yes, it's cool! (upper class),

Chai, mun yen jing-jing na!

Do not say Mate!!!

Yar pood laey puern!!

It is not cool (upper class)!!!

Mun mai yen mark rork na!!!

I must do this.

Pom tong tham yang-nee

You must do that.

Koon tong tham sing-nant or

You must do that

Koon tong tham yang-nant

Clever?

Keng mai?

Yes you are clever!

Chai, koon keng-jung!

Bye bye, for now!

Sawasdee sum-rub torn nee!

Speed reading - 14 minutes

17 CLOSING

Now of all the things ... your mind ... has been playing with ... to create new ... wave patterns ... in the natural language ... from ... here and there ... liking ... doing ... can ... understanding ... wanting ... getting ... having ... ordering... greeting ... describing ... knowing ... numbering ... asking ... and ... everything ... I wonder which things ... you will bring back ... to stay deep within you ... so easily available ... to you ... as needs arise ... without conscious effort ... because ... you will believe ... you can do it ...

Just naturally ... in your own way ... as part of you ... instinctively ... as that new part of you ... grows ... stronger and stronger ... you will begin to speak with a beautiful accent ... so easily ... reinforcing your learning ... with a gentle quiet confidence ... which will surprise you ... and such a beautiful accent ... of which you will be proud ... to fit the music of the natural language ... will surprise you even more ... and more ... as you repeat the CRE ... so that ... in every day ... in every way ... you believe ... you will ... get ... better and better ...

And now as you choose ... to believe you can do something ... that makes you feel so comfortable with yourself ... something you will feel more and more ... able to do ... so that you feel ... even more comfortable ... and confident ... naturally ... in your own way ... you can take whatever time you need ... just to process your thoughts ... in your own special way ... and to bring this experience to a comfortable close ...

You will feel well ... and you will begin ... to feel confident ... about the future ... and about making progress ... in the natural language ... in your own natural way ... and you will find such joy ... in speaking so gently ... with growing confidence ... and experience ... which will add ... a new exciting quality to your life ... because ... with every new language you learn ... you do add a new quality to your life ... in that special "Thai Place" ... in your mind ...

And when you feel ... you are ready ... and you want to ... you can start the process of reorienting yourself ... bringing yourself back ... taking your time ... and when you are ready ... you can fully orient yourself ... and allow your eyes to open ... feeling well ...and happy ... because ... and you will begin to experience confidence ... more and more ... because ... from now ... in every day ... in every way ... you will ... be getting ... better and better ...

And as we end of each CRE session ... 30 minutes has just flashed by ... to be repeated ... and enjoyed ... many times ... relaxed ... calm and confident ... of achieving a beautiful accent ... that becomes natural for you ... with learning that is efficient and effective ... so from now on ... be positive ... and with a positive expectation of success ... surprise yourself ... as you feel the continuing support ... of our Team ... in Bayonne, France on August 15, 2001 ... and of course ... as with all things ... we believe can do ... together ... God Bless ...

18. NATURAL VOCABULARY (without accents)

a. Greetings/Exclamations:

hello	good morning	how are you?	I am well	thank you
sawasdee	sawasdee	sabaai-dee reu?	Chan sabaai- dee	kob-koon
goodbye	yes	no	OK	not too bad
lar-korn, sawasdee	chai	mai-chai (polite) plao	tok-longe	mai-laew-nuck

Note:

"<u>Sawasdee</u>" can be always used as its real meaning is "Good Luck, God bless you". The word "<u>Lar-korn</u>" is often used with the meaning of "Sad feeling" = farewell.

Oh-dear!!	mate	there it is	"cool"!!!	sorry
thee-rak!!, Oh!!	puern	mun-yuu- nee	yen- jung!	sia-jai

more never

tao-nant mai-kaey

Note: Many polite interjection words: Oh!, Au!, Maer!, Wai!, Tai-leaw!, Ui-tai!

b. Verbs:

to be	have	like	want	can
pen, yuu, krue	mee	chob	tong-karn/yark	sar-mart
do	say/speak	go	come	give
	5/, 5p.5	3.		3
tham	pood	pai	ma	hai

take	eat	drink	sleep	know / recognise
au	kin/tarn/ rub-pra-tarn	duerm	norn-larb	rue, zarp/ jarm-dai
understand	must	love	hate	scare
kount-jai	tong	rak	klead	tok-jai
c. Prepositions:				
some	a	the	to	from
sak-noi/ bang-sing	nueng		pai-thee	jark
d. Pronouns:				
I	you	he	she	we
di-chan (f) pom (m)	koon	khao/khao-pu- chai	ther khao/ khao-pu- ying	rau
this	that	Mr	Mrs.	Miss
nee	nant	Koon/naai	Koon/nang	Koon/nang-sau
e. Nouns:				
money	thing	man	woman	water
nguen	sing-khong	pu-chaai	pu-ying	narm
car	ticket	book	friend	time

rot	tua	nang-seu	puern	ve-lar
f. Adjectives/ adverbs/Other:				
good	bad	big	small	now
dee	laew	yai	lec	kha-nha-nee
later	little	clever!	happy	easy/difficult
toa-pai	lec-noy/nid-noi	keng-jung! cha-lard-jung!	kwam-sook	ngaai/ yak
here/there	a lot of			

thee-nee/

thee-nant

mark

g. Interrogatives:

how much? where? what? who? when? tau-lai? thee-nai? ah-rai? krai? muer-rai?

What is that? Question?

Nant keu ah- Kome-tham?

rai? or Nant
ah-rai?

h. Numbers:

one two three four five nueng song sarm see ha

i. And some survival words:

pardon (khor-thot + koon pood wa-ahrai ka(f)/karb(m))

apologize (kor-a-pai)

always (boi-boi/sar-mer)

but (tae)

food (ah-harn)

home (barn)

time (ve-lan)

bus (rot-mail) time (ve-lar)

work (ngan) tomorrow (proong-nee)

today (wan-nee) newspaper (nang-sue-pim)

day (wan) paper (kar-dard) week (ah-thit) sausage (sai-krok)

year (pee) hamburger (hamburger)

minute (na-thee) rice (khao)

hour (chure-monge) fried-rice (khao-pard)

bread (kha-nhom-pung) rice-soup (khao-tom)

curry (kang-ped) roasted-prok (moo-yang)

soup (kang-juerd) beef (nuer-wua)

fried-chicken (kai-tod) squid(pla-muuk)

fish (pla) dessert (kha-nhom-varn)

shrimp (khoong) read (aund)

butter (nuey) laugh (hau-roh)

think (kid) start (rerm)

write (kian) stop (yood)

dance (ten-rum) six (hok)

Thai-dance (rum-Thai) seven (jed)

policeman (tarm-roude) eight (prad)

WC (hong-narm) nine (khao)

mate (puern) ten (sib)

see you later (laew-jir-karn-na) hundred (roy)

thousand (phan)

SPECIAL NOTE ON "TO BE" IN THAI ... PEN, YUU, KRUE

1. I am Chinese who was born in Thailand.

Chan <u>pen</u> kon-Jeen (Chinese) thee kurd (born) nai (in) pra-tes (country) Thai

2. Where is Miguel?

Miguel yuu thee-nai?

3. Miguel is in the garage.

Miguel yuu nai rong-rot (garage)

4. You are Dr. Bob Boland.

Koon kreu Koon-mor (Doctor) Bob Boland

5. You are Teacher Bob.

Koon kreu Kru Bob

6. John is French.

John pen kon Pha-rang-sed (French)

7. CRE program is so interesting.

CRE program pen sing thee na-son-jai mark (interesting)

19. NATURAL FEEDBACK AND NEW IDEAS (to drbobboland@wanadoo.fr)

1.	HOW LONG DID YOU TAKE TO STUDY THE CRE?
2.	WHAT WAS GOOD ABOUT IT?
3.	WHAT WAS BAD ABOUT IT?
4.	WHAT NEW IDEAS?
5.	HOW CAN WE HELP YOU IN THE FUTURE?

20 - DAILY MINI PHRASE BOOK

(Challenge: write out your own copy and start to chat. Speed reading - 4 minutes)

BASICS:

Thank you. Kob-Koon

Hello Sawasdee

Yes/no Chai/plao (Mai-chai- more polite)

Please Kar-ru-na, chouy

Excuse me Kor-thot

Everything is OK! Took-yarng-tok-longe!

Good morning/evening Sawasdee (for all times)

Good night Rar-tree- sar-was

Good-bye. Lar-korn, Sawasdee

My name is ... Pom cheu ..(m) Di-chan cheu ..(f)

What is your name? Koon cheu ah-rai ka (f) /karb (m)?

How are you? Sabaai-dee reu?

Fine, thanks

Sabaai-dee ka/karb, Kob-Koon

And you? Laew koon sabaai dee reu?

Where do you come from? Koon ma jark nai ka/karb?

I'm from: Chan (Di-chan, Pom) ma jark

France Pha-rang-sed

England Ang-krid

America America

I work at/with: Chan (Di-chan, Pom) tham ngan

thee/ kab

UN Sar-har-pha-cha-chard

Red Cross Sar-bha-kar-chard

Nokia Nokia

QUESTIONS:

When/how? Muer-rai / yang-rai?

What/why? Ah-rai / tham-mai?

Who/which? Krai/ aun- nai?

Where is ...? Thee-nai?

Where can I find ...? Chan(Di-chan, Pom) ja har......dai

thee-nai?

How much is it?

Rar-kar tau rai?

Can you help? Kar-ru-na chuoy Chan noi ka(f)/

krab(m)

What does this mean? Nee maai-kwarm var ah-rai?

UNDERSTANDING:

I understand. Pom (m) kount jai

I don't understand. Di-chan (f) mai kount jai

Please repeat that again. Kar-ru-na chuoy pood eak krank

ka(f)/ krab(m)

Can you translate this?

Koon plair nee dai mai?

Can I have ...? Chan(Di-chan, Pom) yark dai...?

Do you speak ...? Koon pood dai mai?

English/Thai Ang-krid /Jeen -krang

I don't speak Thai. Chan mai pood Thai

I speak a little Mandarin Di-chan pood Jeen-krang dai nid-noi

COMMENTS:

I must do this. Chan (Di-chan, Pom) tong tham yang-

nee

You must do that. Koon tong tham yang-nee

It's: Mun:

Right/wrong took/ pid

big/small yai/ lec

cheap/expensive took/ pang

good/bad dee/ leaw

hot/cold ron/ now

near/far klai/ klaai(kile)

OK! tok-longe!

FOOD:

I like: Chan(Di-chan, Pom) chob

breakfast Ah-harn chout

lunch Ah-harn tieng

dinner. Ah-harn yen

May I have some: Chan(Di-chan, Pom) yark dai

bread/butter kha-nhom-pung/ nuey

eggs khai

meat/potatoes nuer/ mun-pha-rang

vegetable/cabbage pak/ kha-rum-plee

apples/oranges apples/ som

coffee/tea/water kar-fare/ cha/ narm

milk nom

fruit juice

narm-pol-la-mai (friut = pol-lamai)

I want to pay the bill.

Pom tong-karn jaai nguen nai bill nee

I think there is a mistake.

We are happy.

Pom kit var mee ah-rai pid na Rau mee kwarm-sook

TRANSIT:

Where is the nearest shop?

Rarn thee-klai thee-sood yuu theenai?

Where to get a taxi?

Raike (Jar har) rot taxi dai thee-

nai?

How much to go to ...?

Rar-kar tau rai thee jar pai....?

Take me to

Please stop here.

This is not the right road.

Go straight ahead.

Bha Chan(Di-chan, pom) pai thee....

Chouy yood thee-nee

Nee mai-chai tha-non thee took-tong

Tong pai khan-na

It is there, on the:

left/right

next to/after

north/south

east/west

Man yuu thee-nee, tang darn:

saai / kwar

khan-na / khan-lung

(thit) nuer / (thit) tai

(thit) ta-wan-ouk / (thit) ta-wan

tok

Where is the:

town centre

pharmacy

... yuu thee-nai?

jai-krang-(middle) muerng (town)

rarn-(shop) khaai-(sell) ya (drugs)

SHOPPING:

slowly

Do you have ...? Koon mee....maai? How much is this/that? Nee / Nant rar-kar tau-rai? I will take/buy this thing. tong-karn au/seu Di-chan khong sing-nee. What colours have you? Koon mee see ah-rai? Black Dum Blue Num-ngueng Red Dang White Khau Gold Thong I want to buy: Chan(Di-chan, Pom) tong-karn ja seu aspirin aspirin (specific name) drug relieve pain ya-kae-puad sa-boo soap apples apple milk nom film/newspaper feem / nang-seu-pim TELEPHONE: Hello, I am ... Sawasdee ka(f) /karb(m), Chan (Dichan ,Pom) cheu ... Please speak: Kar-ru-na chouy pood louder dung-dung

cha-cha

I want to speak to:

Mr. ...

Mrs....

Chan(Di-chan, Pom) khor rian sai:

Koon ...

Koon ...

When will he be there?

Khao ja yuu thee-nant muer-rai?

Ask him to telephone me.

Chouy bok khao hai toa-ra-sub toong Di-chan douy ka(f)

Note: toa-ra-sub = telephone

toa-ra-sub meu-teu = mobile

TIME:

Do you have much time?

What time is it?

The time now is:

1.05 p.m.

2.45 p.m.

4.20 p.m.

6.30 x

Koon mee velar mark mai?

Torn-nee velar tau-rai?

Torn-nee velar :

bai nueng-mong ha na-thee

bai song-mong see-sib-ha na-thee

bai see-mong yee-sib na-thee

hok mong krueng

Note:

na-ri-ka = o'clock (time)

na-thee = minute

vi-na-thee = second

chure-mong = hour

see chure-mong = four hours.

MEETINGS:

We see you: Rau pob koon:

today wan-nee

tomorrow proong-nee

next week ah-thit nar

in the morning nai torn chout

in the afternoon nai torn bai

in the evening nai torn yen

tonight keun nee

soon/no long after reaw-reaw-nee / nai mai-cha-nee

You are right/wrong. Koon took / pid

That is right Took tong

LOCATIONS:

Here/there Thee nee/ thee nan

At the UN office Thee (at) sum-nak-ngan (office) Sar-

har-pra-cha-chard

Is it near/far Mun yuu klai/ klaai rue mai?

How many hours to go? Kin ve-lar narn tau-rai thee ja pai?

21. PLAY QUIZ

Test your instinctive Thai ... associate the phrases ... in mixed groups of four ...

a. I am well.	α.	I am we	اا .
---------------	----	---------	-------------

b. Excuse me

c. Thank you.

d. OK

e. You're here!

f. Good work

a. Hello

h. How are you?

i. Good morning!

j. What does this mean?

k. Sorry

I. Great!!!

m. Yes

n. Please

o. I am sorry

p. Waiter?

q. How much is it?

r. Where is the toilet?

s. Where/when/why?

t. What time is it?

u. Can you help?

v. I do not understand.

w. What does this mean?

x. Please speak slowly

y. Bye-bye for now!!

z. Fine! No problem!

Tok-long

Chan sabaaai-dee ka(f)/karb(m)

Kor-thot ka(f)/ karb(m)

Kob-koon

Sabaai-dee-reu?

Sawasdee ka(f)/karb(m)

Ngan dee

Koon yuu thee-nee!

Nee maai-kwarm wa ah-rai?

Sawasdee ka(f)/karb(m)!

Yaim!!!

Sia-jai

Kar-ru-na, Chouy

Koon

Chan sia-jai ka(f)/karb(m)

Chai

Ve-lar tau-rai?

Thee-nai/ muer-rai / tham-mai?

Hong-narm yuu thee-nai?

Rar-kar tau-rai?

Nee maai-kwarm wa ah-rai?

Kar-ru-na pood cha-cha noi

Koon chouy Chan noi ka(f)/karb(m).

Chan mai kount-jai

Took-yang raib-roy

Sawasdee sum-rub torn-nee

Answers: In the phrase book ... or email the Team ...

APPENDIX A - ROUTINE FOR ACCENT IMPROVEMENT AND LONG TERM RE-INFORCEMENT - AFTER ONE MONTH

RELAX with ... a very POSITIVE attitude ... and a very confident EXPECTATION of SUCCESS ... in just one more week ... of PLAYING with the natural language ... with the Instant Relaxation Exercise daily.

Our natural suggestions for this week are:

- Day 1 Do APS. Then play the LEARNING REINFORCEMENT. Study the Brief Grammar and Mini-Phrase Book to understand every word. Then SPEAK with the tape and RECORD your efforts.
- Day 2 STUDY the text (Sections 2-16). Then SPEAK LOUDLY and then very SOFTLY with the tape. SPEED READING (2-16) in 14 minutes.
- Day 3 SPEAK in THEATRICAL style with the tape and text together. Do SPEED READING (2-16) in reverse-mode in 12 minutes.
- Day 4 SPEAK with tape and text. For difficult words/phrases ... stop the tape ... and repeat the word/phrase many times ... singing and shouting!
- Day 5 STUDY again the Mini-phrase Book. Then do it as SPEED READING (reverse-mode) in 4 minutes. SPEAK with tape and text using three different voices ... just for fun!
- Day 6 SPEED READING (2-16) in 8 minutes. LISTEN to your recording from Day 1. Then SPEAK with the tape ... with a beautiful CONFIDENT accent.
- Day 7 SPEAK with the tape with fun and confidence. Email your feedback to (drbobboland@hotmail.com)

APPENDIX B - ADDITIONAL VOCABULARY SELECTED TO MEET THE SPECIAL NEEDS OF EACH CLIENT ORGANIZATION (100 WORDS)

Special Vocabulary for UNHCR

English Thai

Airport tha-ah-kas-sa-yarn

but sa-narm-bin is more often used

Army khong-tup

Asylum sa-tharn-song-krau

Blind tar-boad

Border kate-dan, chaai-dan

Camp camp

Children dek, dek-dek

Clothing suer-par

Cooking pots/pans kreung-krua

Cooperation kwam-roum-meur

Customs luuk-kar

Deaf hoo-nuak

Delay lar-cha

Detention noung-neaw or kuk-khan

Development program Program karn pat-ta-na or krong-karn karn pat-ta-

na

Displaced persons book-kon thee ma tan thee

Dumb pen-bai

Electricity fai-fah

Emergency chuuk-chern

Expulsion khub-lai <u>or</u> khub-uak-pai

Family krob-krua

Government rat-tha-barn

Grandparents poo-yar-tar-yaai

Handicapped tam-toh

Health suk-kha-parp

Hospital rong-pra-ya-barn

House barn

Human rights sit-thii-ma-nus-sa-ya-chon

Husband sar-mee

Lamp tah-kreing

Legal protection karn-pok-pong-tang-kod-maai or karn-pong-gun-tang-

kod-maai

Malnutrition tuup-phot-cha-na-karn

Material assistance karn-chuoy-ruer-tang-was-sa-doo

Ministry kra-soung

Nutrition phot-cha-na-karn

Pain - days/weeks puad-pen-wan/ poud-pen-ah-thit

Pain - months/years puad-pen-duern/ poud-pen-pee

Pain - treatment karn-rak-sar-kwarm-jeb-puad

Pain - arms/legs puad khann / paud kha

Pain - chest jeb-na-okk/ puad -na-okk

Pain - ears/eyes paud-hoo/ paud-tar

Pain - hands/feet paud meur/ paud-tau

Pain - head/neck paud-see-sa/ paud-koa

Pain - stomach paud-kra-prao

Peace sun-ti-parp

Persecution karn-kho-kuan <u>or</u> karn-pra-harn

Petrol narm-mun

Police-station sa-tha-nee-tam-raud or Rong-pak

President Pra-ta-na-thib-bor-dee

Prison ruern-jum <u>or</u> kook

Province jung-wat

Reception centre soon-karn-torn-rup (soon, soon-klang = center)

Refugee pu-uab-pa-yop

Representative pu-tan <u>or</u> tua- tan

Rural chon-na-bode

Sanitation suk-kha-ah-na-mai

Shelter thee-lob-phai

Status sa-tha-na-karn

Tent tent

Torture to-ra-marn (verb) / karn-to-ra-marn (noun)

Town muerng

Transportation karn-khon-song

Travel Documents eek-sarn karn tong-teawe

Tribe tra-kul <u>or pau-phan (= clan) or kloom (= group)</u>

Urban tam-bon

Village moo-ban

Voluntary repatriation poo-sa-mak-jai-klub-thin-derm

(*sa-mak-jai, ah-sa-sa-mak = voluntary, volunteer , klub-thin-derm = repatriation)

War song-krarm

Water narm

Wife pran-ra-ya

APPENDIX C - BRIEF GRAMMAR

(Challenge - study and then ... discuss with a natural speaker)

1. Structure - subject, object and verb:

I (am) here. $\underline{DI-CHAN}$ (f) \underline{POM} (m) yuu (am) thee-nee

The CHILD is here. DEK (KON-NEE -specific) you thee-nee

Question: is the child here? Kome-tharm: Dek yuu thee-nee <u>REU</u>?

2. Article

A child is here. Dek <u>KON NUENG</u> yuu thee-nee

3. Noun

Child-REN are here. Dek <u>THEE-CHEU-REN</u> yuu thee-nee

The GOOD child is here. Dek THEE-DEE you thee-nee

HE is a child. KHAO pen dek kon nueng

4. Possession:

He is MY child. Khao pen luuk KONG CHAN

5. Relative:

The child WHO here is. Dek KON-THEE yuu thee-nee

6. Demonstrative:

THIS child is here. Dek KON-NEE yuu thee-nee

THAT child is THERE. Dek KON-NANT you THEE-NANT

7. Interrogatives:

WHAT is this thing? Khong sing-nee keu AH-RAI?

WHO is that? KRAI yuu thee-nant?

WHERE is the child? Dek (kon-nee) yuu THEE-NAI?

HOW MUCH is the book?' Nang-seu nee rar-kar <u>TAU-RAI</u>?

8. Imperatives:

DO this! THAM sing nee

COME here! MA nee noi

9. Negatives:

Yes, I HAVE a book (f) Chai, Di-chan <u>MEE</u> nang-seu lem nueng

No, I do NOT have the book (m) Mai, Pom MAI mee nang-seu lem nee

Do NOT come here. <u>MAI TONG</u> ma thee-nee <u>or YAR</u> ma

thee-nee

10. To be, have and want (present tense):

I am/have/want Chan (Di-chan, Pom) pen, yuu, kreu / mee /

tong-karn

You are/have/want Koon <u>pen, yuu, kreu / mee / tong-karn</u>

He is/has/wants Kao <u>pen, yuu, kreu</u> / <u>mee</u> / tong-karn

APPENDIX D - BROCHURE

CRE - CREATIVE RELAXATION EXERCISE THE NATURAL WAY TO PLAY WITH LANGUAGE AND A BEAUTIFUL ACCENT WITH A 30 MINUTE AUDIO TAPE IN ONE DAY

KEY CONCEPT: "WHEN you create new positive wave patterns in YOUR mind they give you the CONFIDENCE to RELAX and LEARN naturally without EFFORT"

Opportunity for AID WORKERS on short or long missions to other countries to feel more secure, comfortable and effective in achieving better working relationships in English, with local companies, governments, refugees, client and project staff, as they perceive the effort to speak the local language with a good accent, and thus to show clearly a deep respect for local values and culture.

Description: dynamic English-based brief language learning system developed with some UN staff, for aid workers, and now available in: Dari, Pashto, Uzbek, Tajik, Turkmen, English, French, German, Spanish, Portuguese, Hindi, Urdu, Finnish, Arabic, Indonesian, Malay, Shona, Russian, Mandarin, Xhosa, Zulu,. Cantonese, Zulu, Swedish, Swahili, Basque, etc. with other languages in process.

Designed for: mature motivated learners who need to achieve very rapidly, the personal confidence to speak and understand, basics of the local natural language. Designed also also for current speakers to who want to achieve significant accent improvement.

Course duration: one full six hour day with a partner or small group, followed by daily brief individual revision, in the following week and one reinforcement a month later.

Application: individual training or as a small part of any management training program to stimulate creativity, because: "Each language is an intellectual treasure-house of communication, culture and humanitarian values" - Professor Kenneth Hale - linguistics expert of MIT who spoke 50 languages fluently and died October 8th 2001.

Method: uses CRE techniques to achieve relaxation and intuitive absorption of the natural language with confidence and without stress or effort. Designed to handle varying individual value systems and needs. CRE techniques, once acquired, can be easily used for any other languages or dialects. Uses IRT - the Instant Relaxation Technique create the confidence to learn.

Further information: email: drbobboland@hotmail.com from Dr. Bob Boland MD, MPH (Johns Hopkins), DBA, ITP (Harvard Business School), Former visiting professor at: INSEAD: IMD, Cranfield, Columbia, GSB, Stellenbosch, WHO, ILO, WB, UNEP, UNIDO, AID, IRC, Peace Corps, Shell, Burma, Barlows, Baxter, Nokia etc

APPENDIX E - THE ONE HUNDRED MOST USED WORDS IN CONVERSATION

(Challenge - complete with THAI ... and discuss with a natural speaker)

1. A/an	2. After	3. Again	4. All	5. Almost
6. Also	7. Always	8. And	9. Because	10. Before
11. Big	12. But	13. I can	14. I come	15. Either/or
16. Find	17. First	18. For	19. Friend	20. From
21. I go	22. <i>G</i> ood	23. Goodbye	24. Нарру	25. I have
26. He	27. Hello	28. Here	29. How	30. I
31.I am	32. If	33. In	34. I know	35. Last
36. I like	37. Little	38. I love	39. I make	40. Many
41. Only	42. More	43. Most	44. Much	45. My
46. New	47. No	48. Not	49. Now	50. Of

51. Often	52. On	53. One	54. Only	55. <i>O</i> r
56. Other	57. Our	58. Outside	59. Over	60. People
61. Place	62. Please	63. Same	64. I see	65. She
66. So	67. Some	68. Sometimes	69. Still	70. Such
71. I tell	72. Thank you	73. That	74. The	75. Their
76. Them	77. Then	78. There is	79. They	80. Thing
81. I think	82. This	83. Time	84. To	85. Under
86. Up	87. Us	88. I use	89. Very	90. We
91. What	92. When	93. Where	94. Which	95. Who
96. Why	97. With	98. Yes	99. You	100. Your

<u>APPENDIX F - APS - LEARNING REINFORCEMENT</u> <u>AUTONOMIC PLAYBACK SYSTEM</u>

- 1. Make a special 30 minute APS audio tape recording of all the material that you want to absorb into your long term memory, as follows:
 - a. Speak with gentle persuasive tone. This encourages perception and retention without effort.
 - b. Speak only for about 8 seconds ... pause for about 4 seconds ... continue for about 8 seconds ... pause 4 seconds etc. This gives your mind time to absorb easily without stress.
 - c. Add seven key learning points which were important to you! This provides "associations" in your mind for the new learning.
- 2. The NEXT DAY, relax and playback the tape (using ear phones) while watching some interesting TV show WITHOUT audio e.g. a football match or other a sports event or a cartoon. Make NO EFFORT to listen to the tape. In fact, TELL yourself NOT to listen, but just to relax and gently give all attention to the TV show. Relax and let your mind absorb the data WITHOUT ANY CONSCIOUS EFFORT at all.
- 3. Play this once more.
- 4. Finally on the FOLLOWING DAY, do IRT (relax), and playback the tape (with ear phones) while gently viewing and repeating the text material (hear, see, say and feel).
- 5. Adapt APS to your special needs and personality. Use it for any new material that you want to absorb without stress or effort. And please remember to email feedback and new creative ideas to our Team at: www.crelearning.com. So ... from now on relax and remember!!